

# **POLITIKA I GOSPODARSTVO**

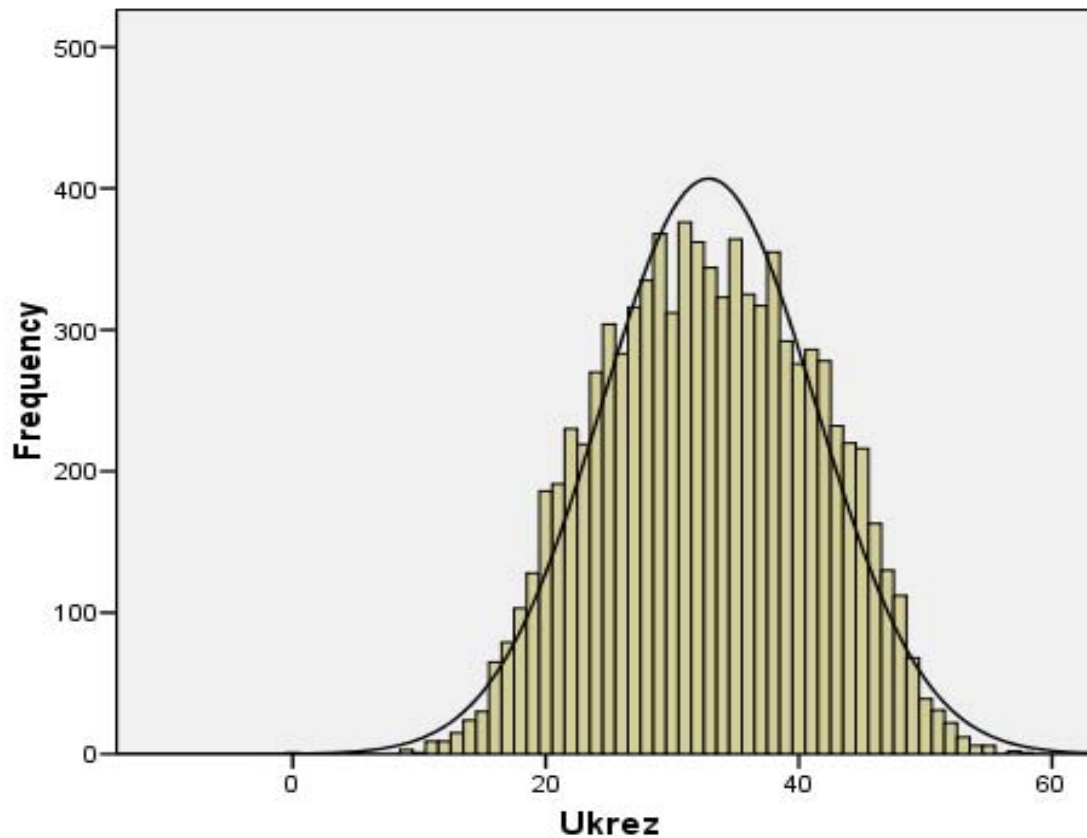
## **Rezultati državne mature 2010.**

# Deskriptivna statistika ukupnog rezultata

PARAMETAR		VRIJEDNOST
N		8640
k		60
M		32,9
St. pogreška mjerenja		3,05
Medijan		33
Mod		31
St. devijacija		8,47
Raspon		58
Minimum		0
Maksimum		58
Percentili	25	27
	50	33
	75	39
Cronbachov $\alpha$		0,87

# Deskriptivna statistika ukupnog rezultata

Histogram



Mean =32,87  
Std. Dev. =8,469  
N =8.640

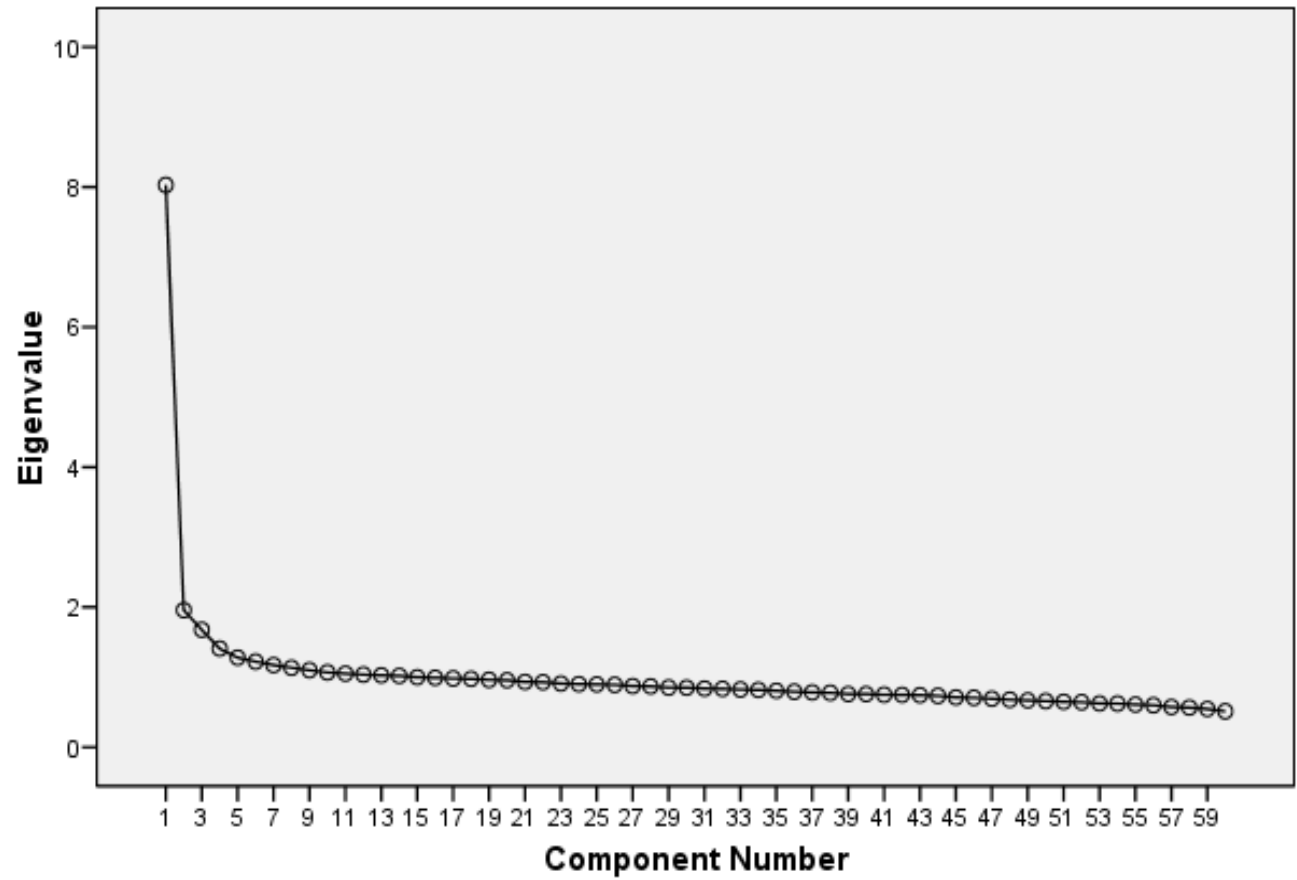
## **Pragovi ocjena i postotak učenika koji su dobili pojedinu ocjenu**

	<b>1</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>5</b>
<b>Prag</b>	-	<b>17</b>	<b>24</b>	<b>35</b>	<b>45</b>
<b>%</b>	<b>1,9</b>	<b>13,3</b>	<b>41,7</b>	<b>34</b>	<b>9,2</b>



NACIONALNI CENTAR ZA VANJSKO  
VREDNOVANJE OBRAZOVANJA

## Scree Plot



1. faktor: 13 % varijance



**NACIONALNI CENTAR ZA VANJSKO  
VREDNOVANJE OBRAZOVANJA**

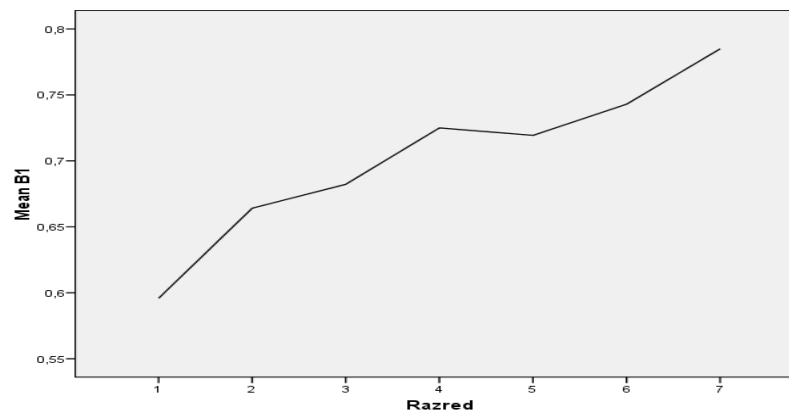
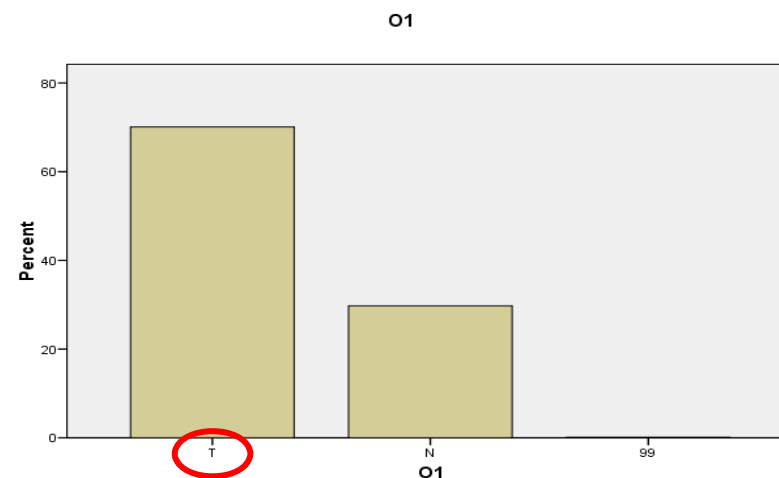
<b>Težina zadatka</b>	<b>Redni broj zadatka</b>
<b>Vrlo težak (0 – 0,2)</b>	<b>30, 33, 36, 40, 46, 53, 58</b>
<b>Težak (0,21 – 0,4)</b>	<b>25, 26, 27, 31, 32, 34, 38, 42, 47, 49, 52, 54, 57, 60</b>
<b>Srednje težak (0,41 – 0,6)</b>	<b>10, 20, 28, 29, 44, 45, 50, 51, 55, 56, 59</b>
<b>Lagan (0,61 – 0,80)</b>	<b>1, 2, 3, 8, 11, 14, 15, 16, 18, 22, 23, 35, 37, 39, 41, 43, 48</b>
<b>Vrlo lagan (0,81 –1)</b>	<b>4, 5, 6, 7, 9, 12, 13, 17, 19, 21, 24</b>

# I. Zadatci alternativnoga izbora

1. U sljedećim zadatcima za svaku tvrdnju odredite je li točna (**T**) ili netočna (**N**).

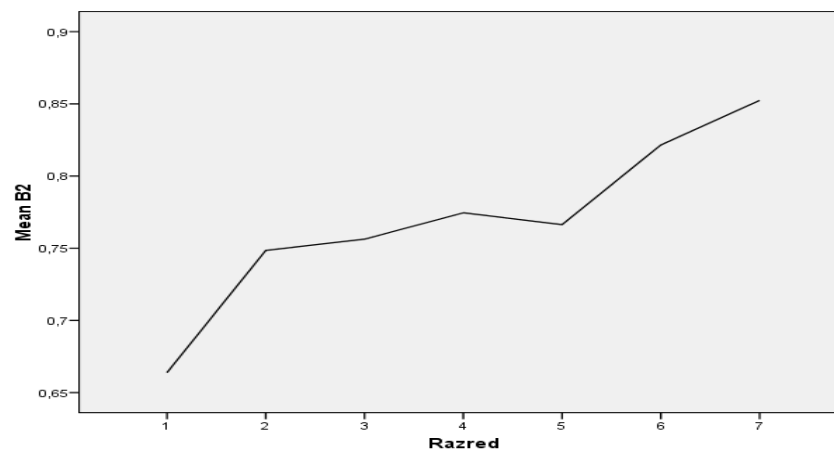
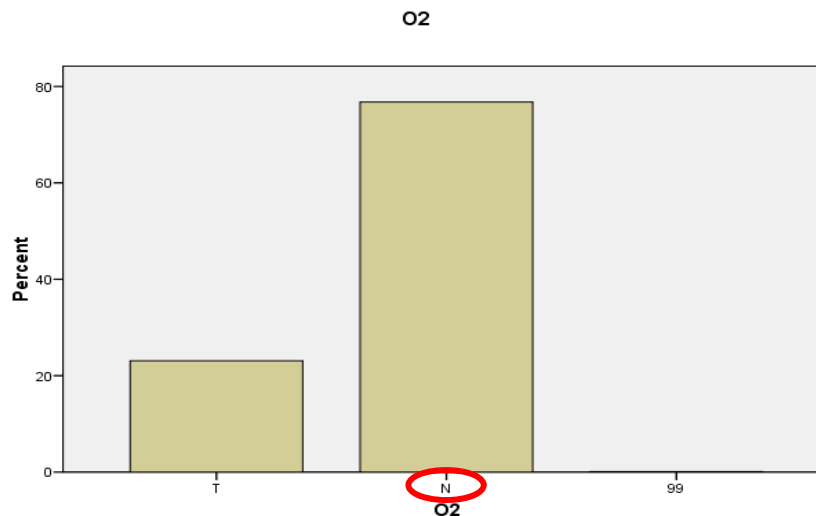
1. Ako trgovac razmišlja po kojoj bi cijeni mogao prodati rijetku umjetninu, odluku će donijeti na temelju procjene odnosa želja za posjedovanjem i mogućnosti posjedovanja.

<b>M</b>	<b>0,70</b>
<b>M (O)</b>	<b>1</b>
<b>ID</b>	<b>0,07</b>



## 2. Prema Ustavu Republike Hrvatske, članove Vlade Republike Hrvatske predlaže Predsjednik Republike.

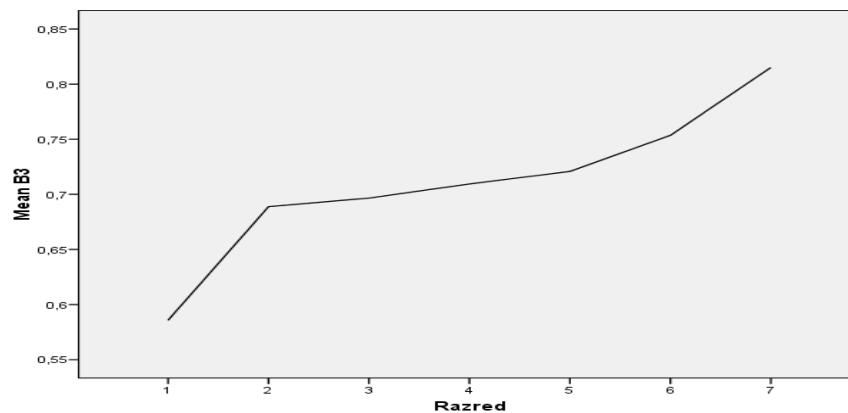
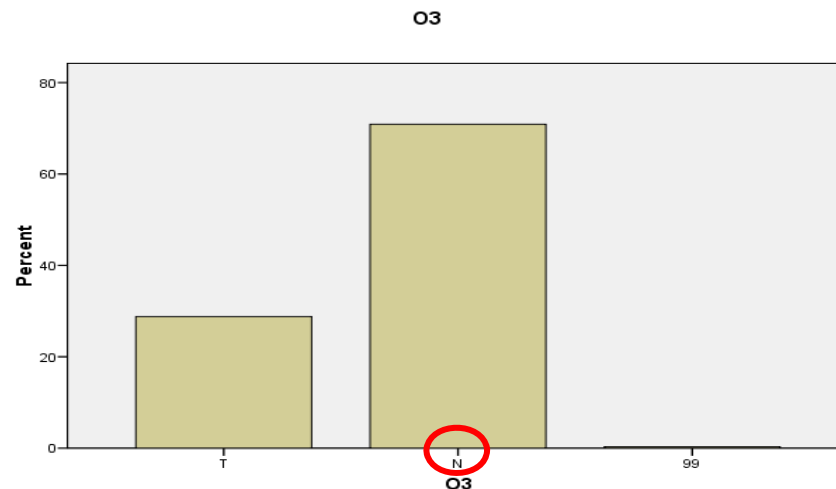
<b>M</b>	<b>0,77</b>
<b>M (O)</b>	<b>0,80</b>
<b>ID</b>	<b>0,09</b>





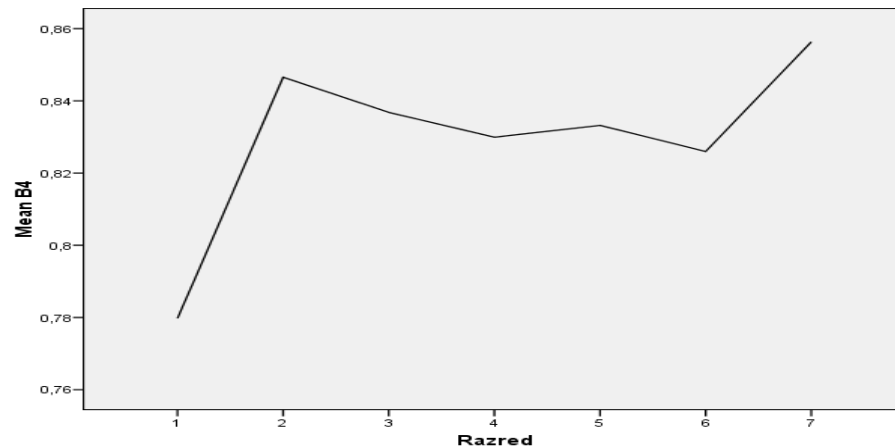
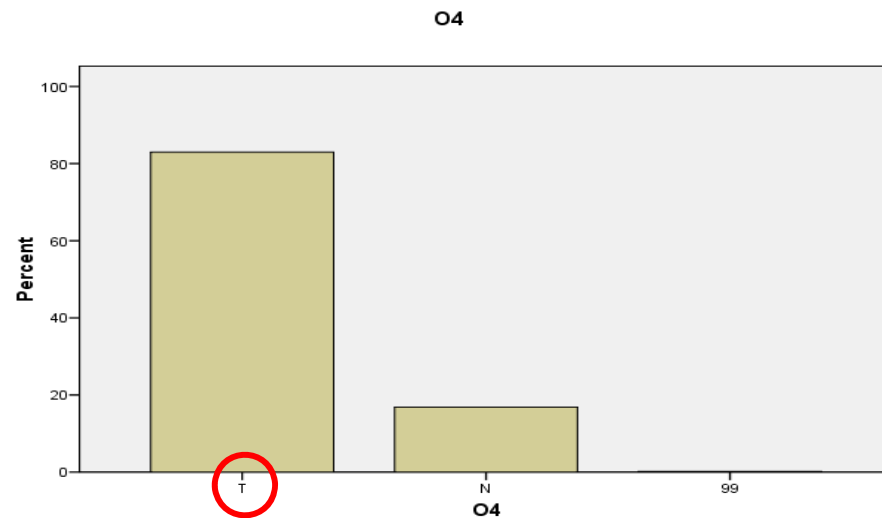
### 3. Međunarodni ugovori koji su sklopljeni i potvrđeni u skladu s Ustavom Republike Hrvatske po pravnoj su snazi ispod zakona.

M	0,71
M (O)	0,80
ID	0,09



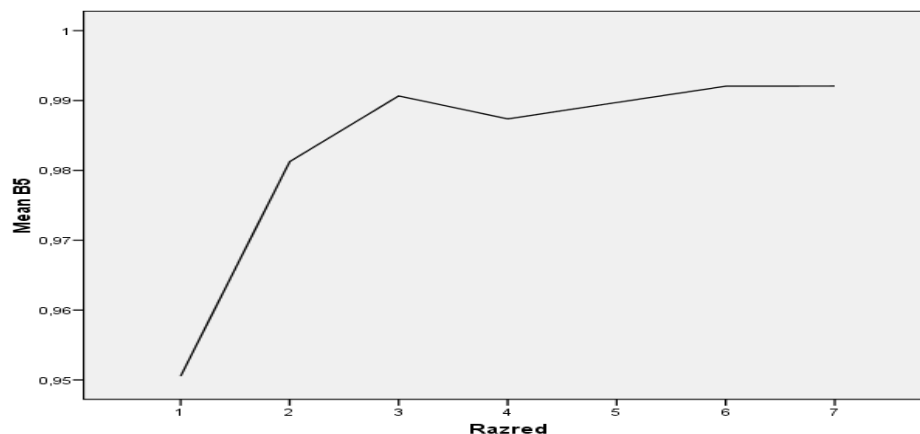
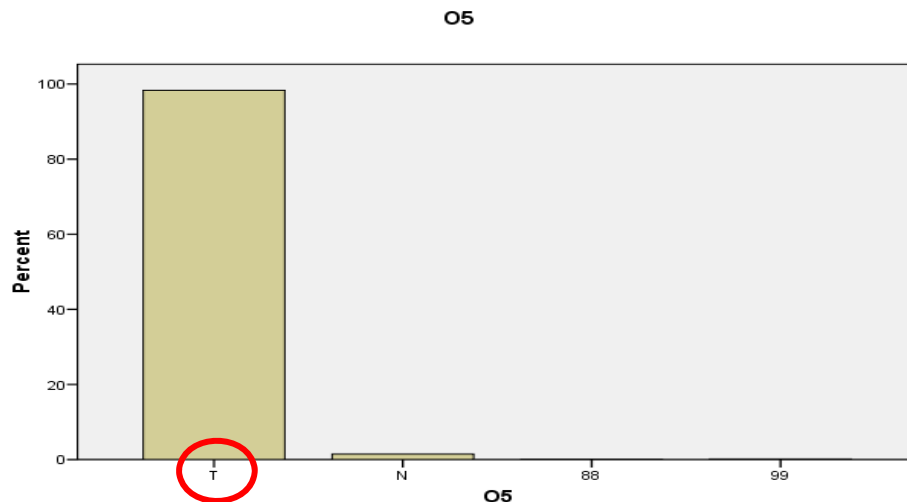
## 4. Predsjednik Republike i Vlada Republike Hrvatske, u skladu s Ustavom i zakonom, surađuju u usmjeravanju rada sigurnosnih službi.

M	0,83
M (O)	0,80
ID	0,00



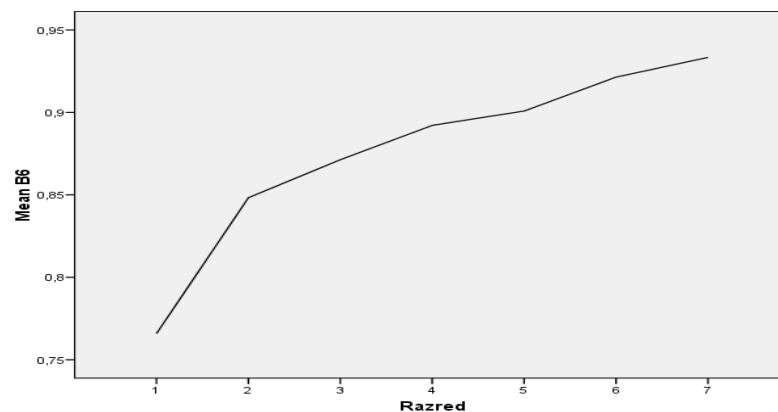
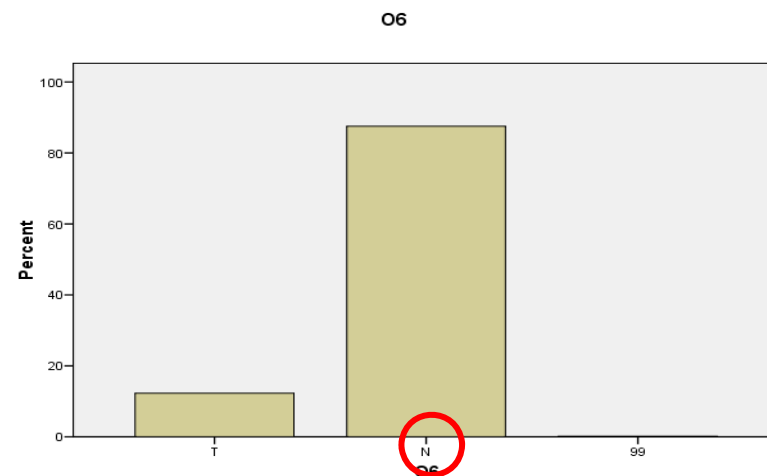
5. Pojedinac može slobodno djelovati u društvu, što podrazumijeva njegovu osobnu slobodu i prihvaćanje odgovornosti za svoje postupke.

M	0,98
M (O)	1
ID	0,08



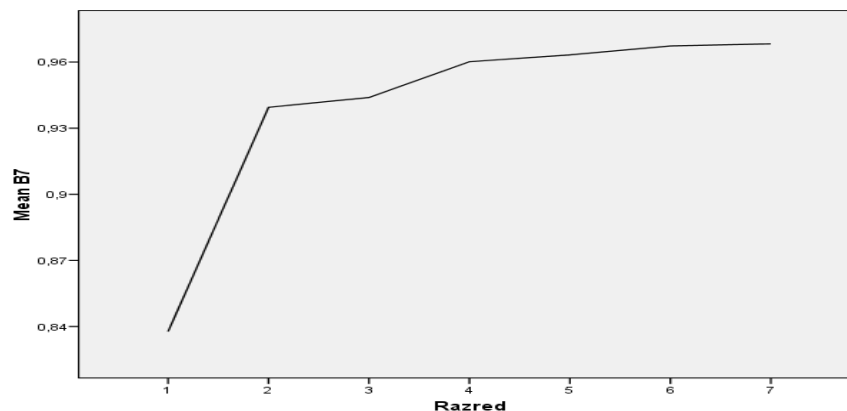
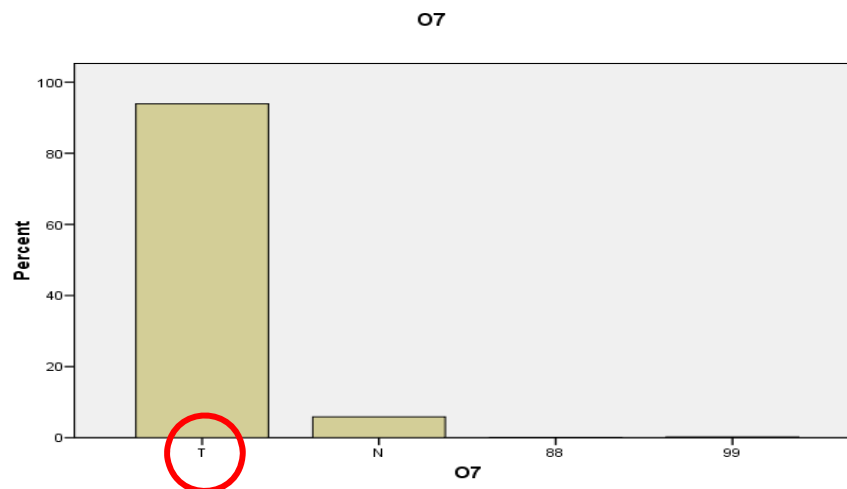
6. U vrijeme gospodarske nestabilnosti (opasnosti od ekonomske krize, elementarnih nepogoda, ratova i slično) država se ne smije miješati u poslovno odlučivanje gospodarstvenika u tržišnome gospodarstvu.

<b>M</b>	<b>0,88</b>
<b>M (O)</b>	<b>0,90</b>
<b>ID</b>	<b>0,12</b>



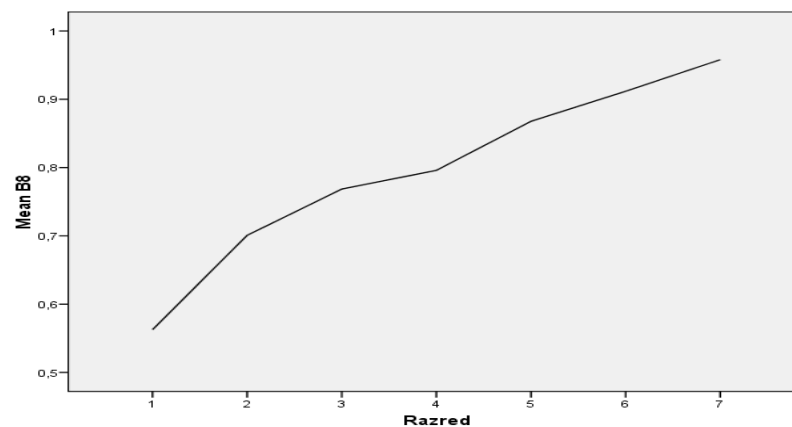
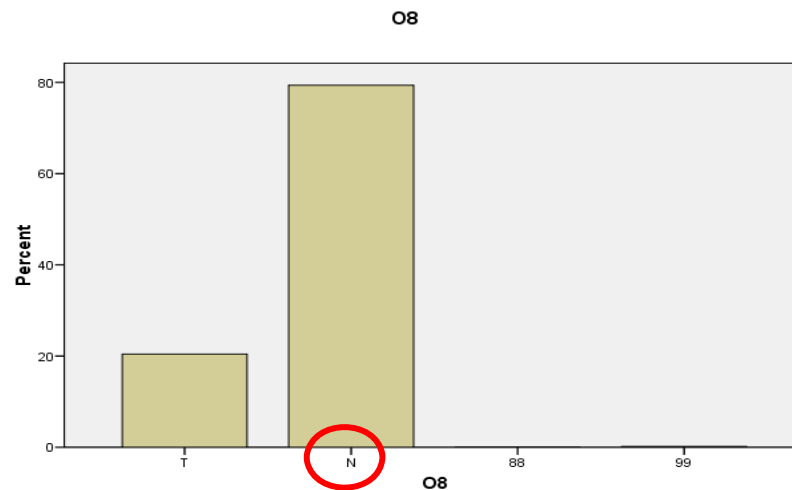
7. Uz već znane inpute, sve je naglašeniji značaj znanja kao kapitala koje i postaje ključni preduvjet uspjeha.

M	0,94
M (O)	0,80
ID	0,13



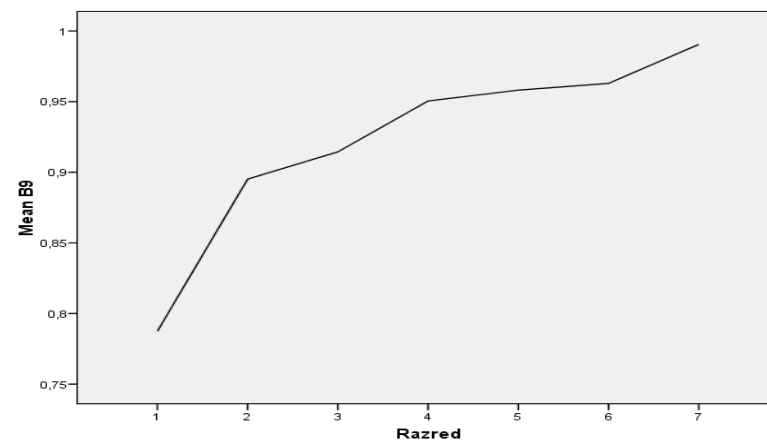
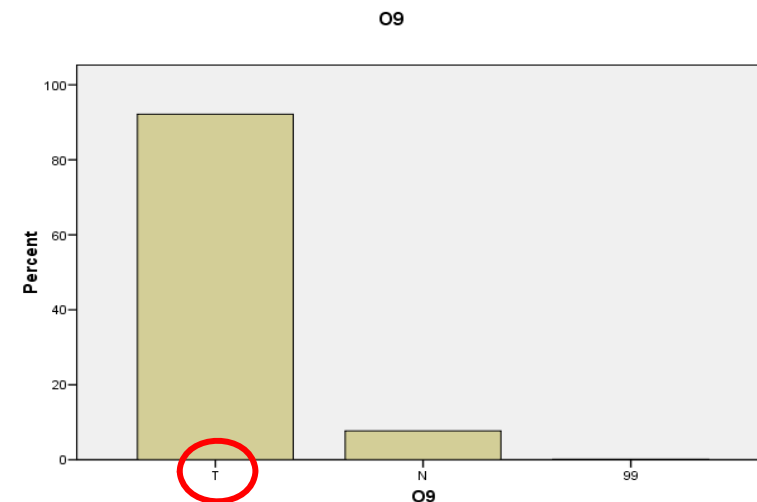
## 8. Državljanin Republike Hrvatske može biti prognan iz Republike Hrvatske.

M	0,79
M (O)	1
ID	0,27



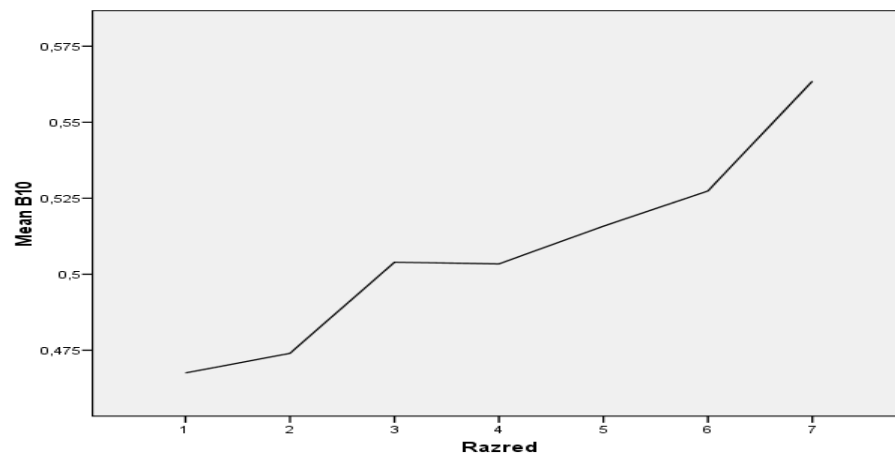
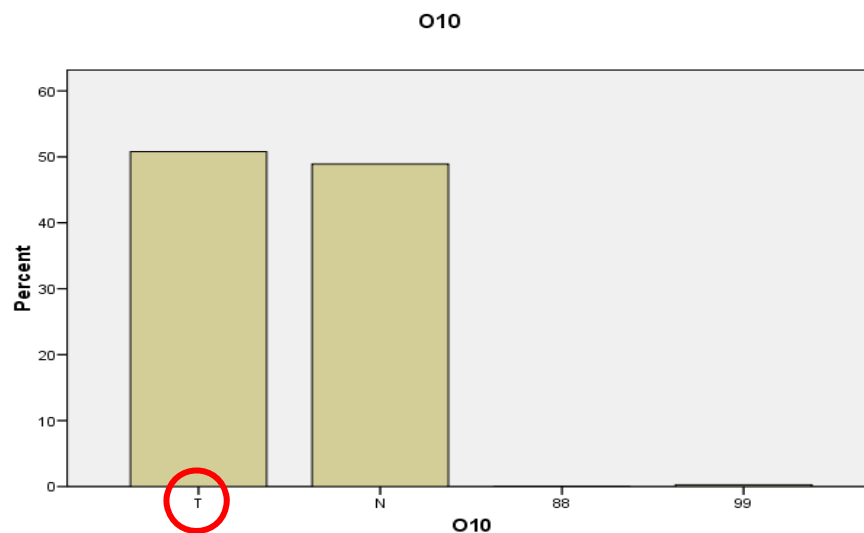
## 9. Kulturni pluralizam označuje priznavanje kulturnih osobitosti različitih etničkih skupina.

<b>M</b>	<b>0,92</b>
<b>M (O)</b>	<b>0,80</b>
<b>ID</b>	<b>0,20</b>



**10.** U razmjernome izbornome sustavu za osvajanje vlasti dovoljno je postići običnu većinu glasova.

M	0,51
M (O)	0,80
ID	0,01

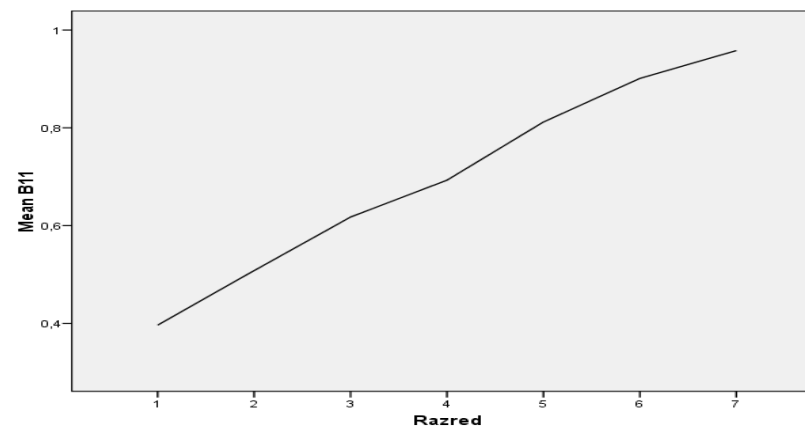
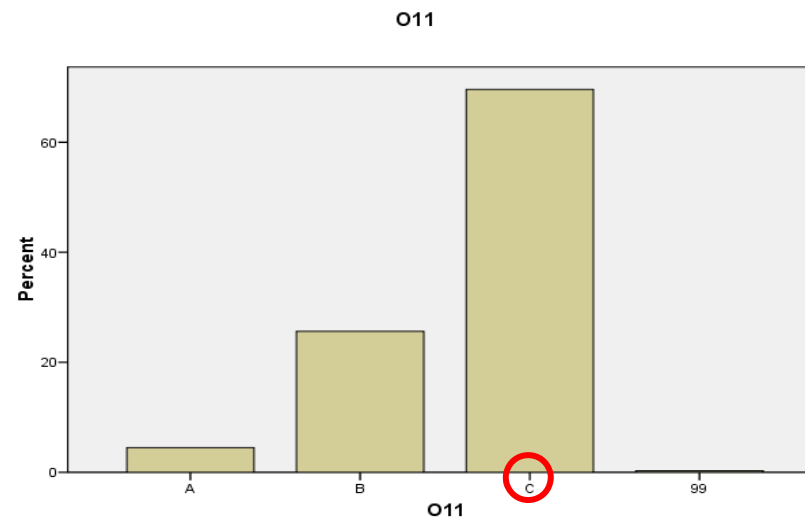




## II. Zadatci višestrukoga izbora

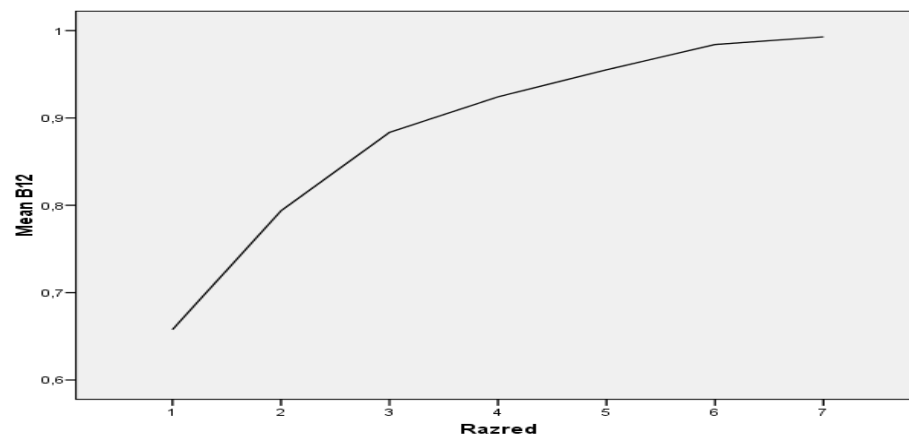
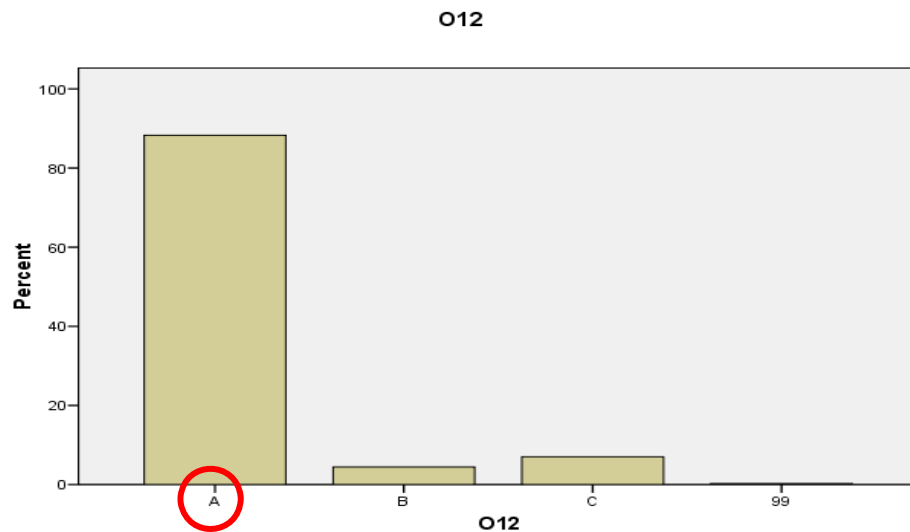
11. Kako se naziva politički govor u kojem se ponavljaju važne riječi ili rečenice kako bi se provjerila prihvatljivost poruke?

M	0,70
M (O)	0,80
ID	0,37



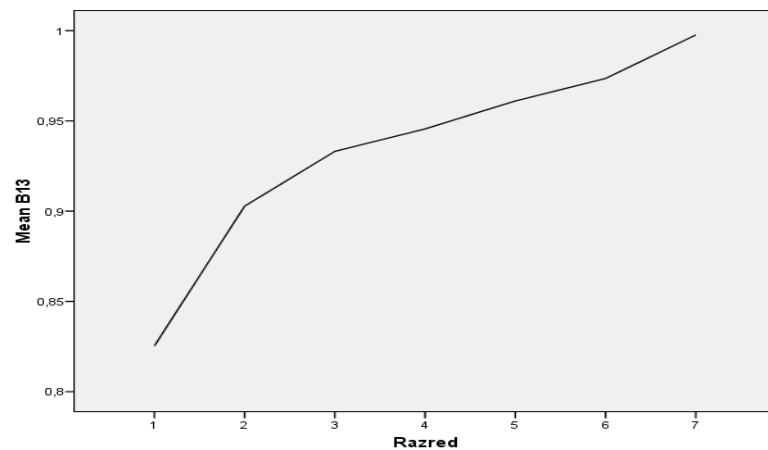
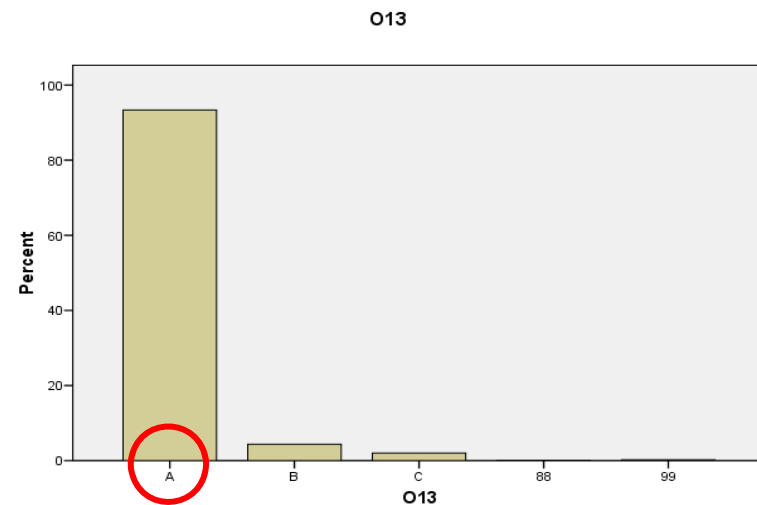
## 12. Što nastaje kada se izborom jednoga dobra odričemo drugoga?

<b>M</b>	<b>0,88</b>
<b>M (O)</b>	<b>0,90</b>
<b>ID</b>	<b>0,31</b>



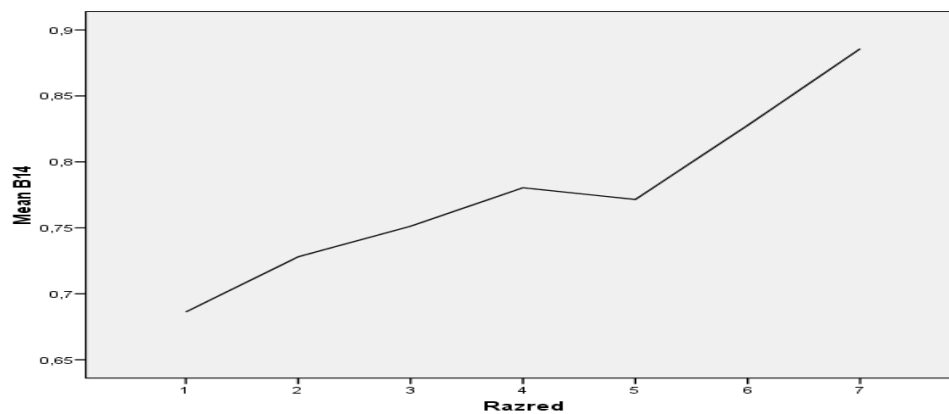
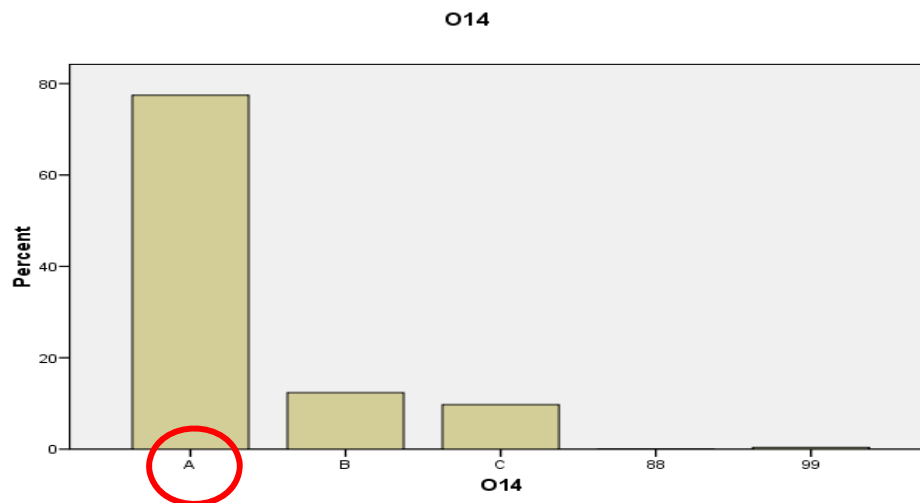
## 13. Koliko puta ista osoba može biti izabrana za Predsjednika Republike Hrvatske?

<b>M</b>	<b>0,93</b>
<b>M (O)</b>	<b>0,80</b>
<b>ID</b>	<b>0,19</b>



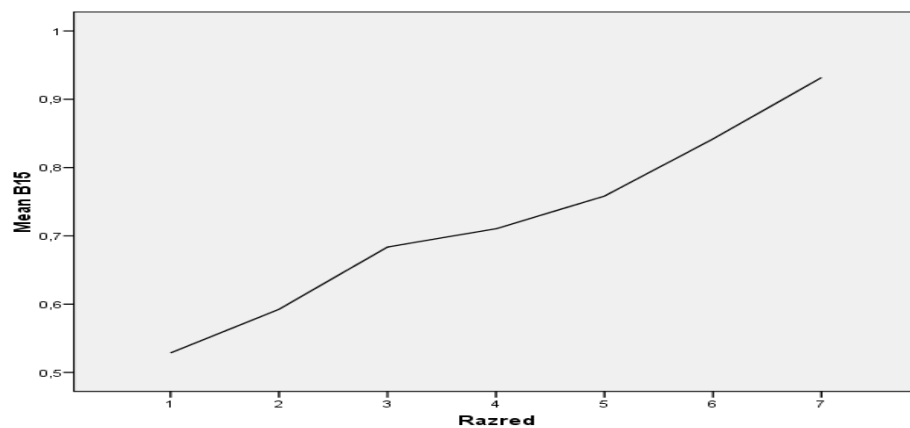
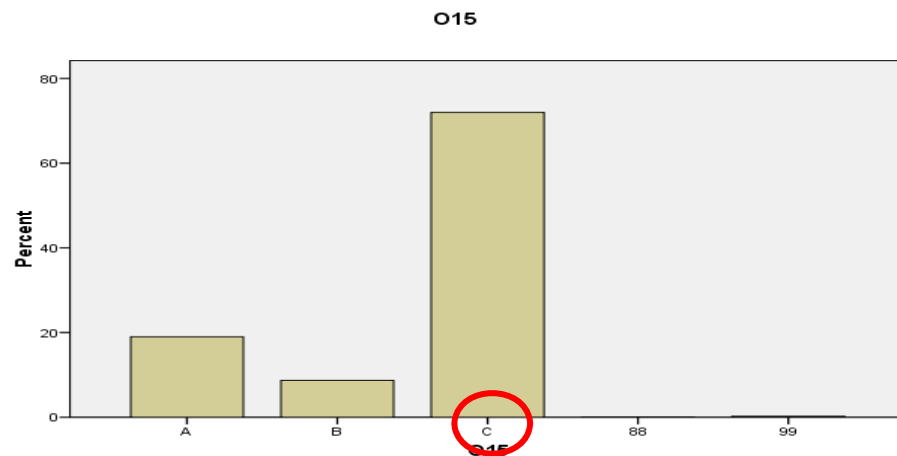
## 14. Koji od navedenih političkih subjekata ne može predlagati zakone?

<b>M</b>	<b>0,77</b>
<b>M (O)</b>	<b>1</b>
<b>ID</b>	<b>0,10</b>



## 15. Tko odlučuje o promjeni Ustava Republike Hrvatske?

M	0,72
M (O)	0,90
ID	0,24



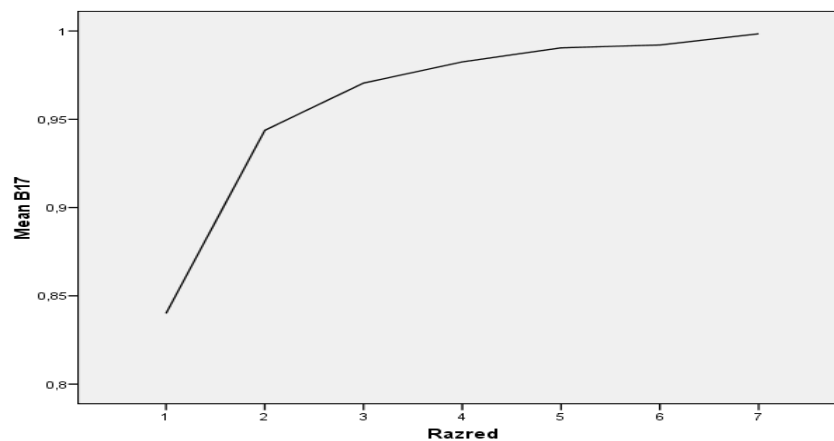
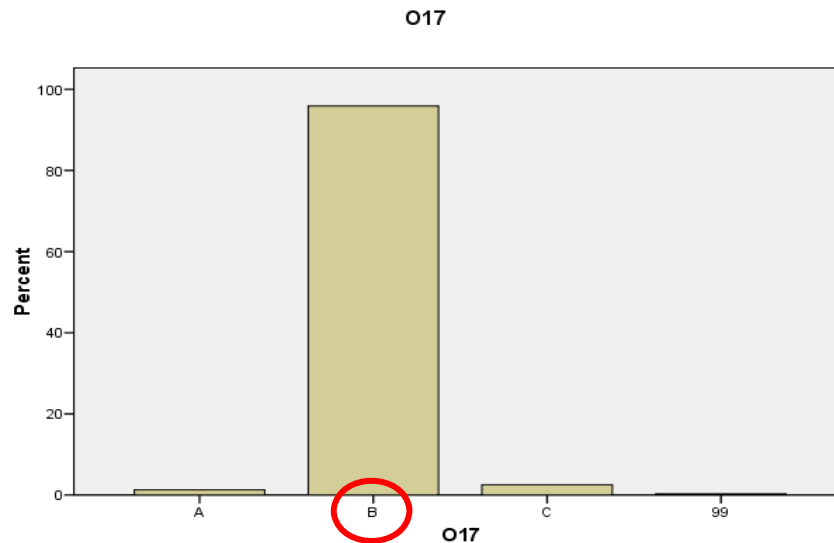
## 16. Prema kojim je načelima osnovana vlast u Republici Hrvatskoj?

<b>M</b>	<b>0,67</b>
<b>M (O)</b>	<b>1</b>
<b>ID</b>	<b>0,38</b>



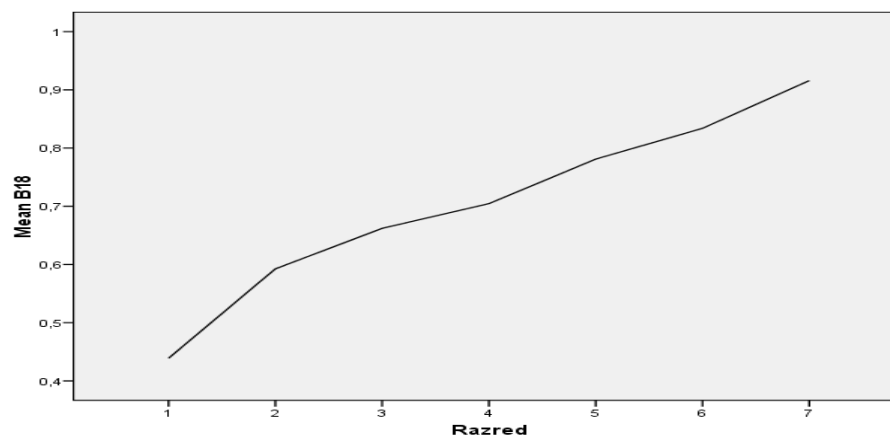
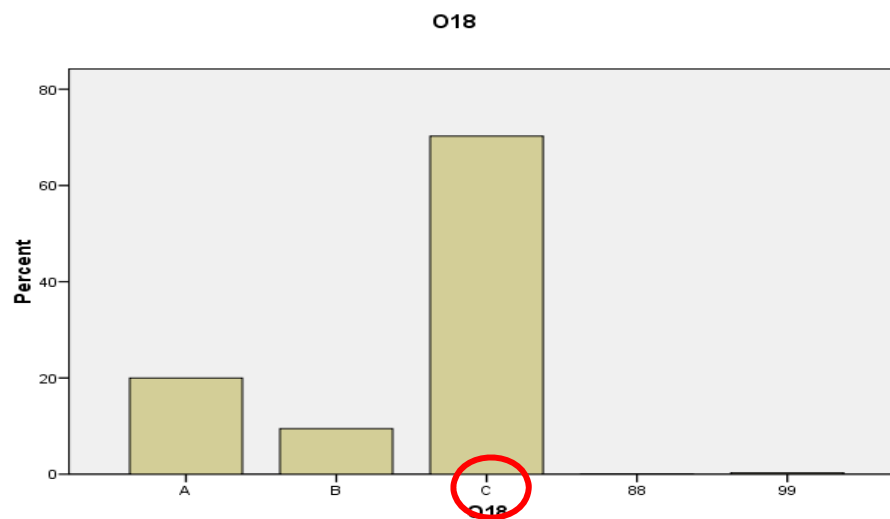
## 17. U kojim se uvjetima ostvaruje točka ekvilibrija ili tržišne ravnoteže?

<b>M</b>	<b>0,96</b>
<b>M (O)</b>	<b>0,80</b>
<b>ID</b>	<b>0,22</b>



**18.** Kako se naziva vrijednosni papir koji trgovačkomu društvu služi za zaduživanje usmjereno na financiranje poduzetničkoga pothvata, a vlasnicima toga vrijednosnoga papira služi za povrat uloženoga i kamatu?

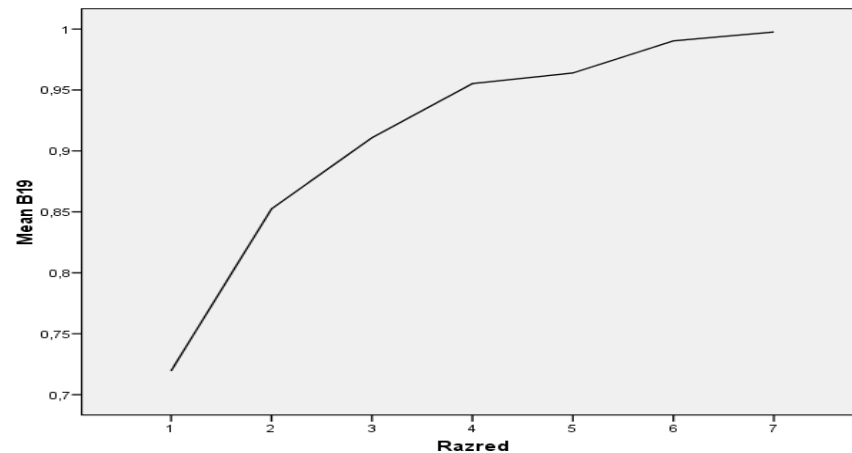
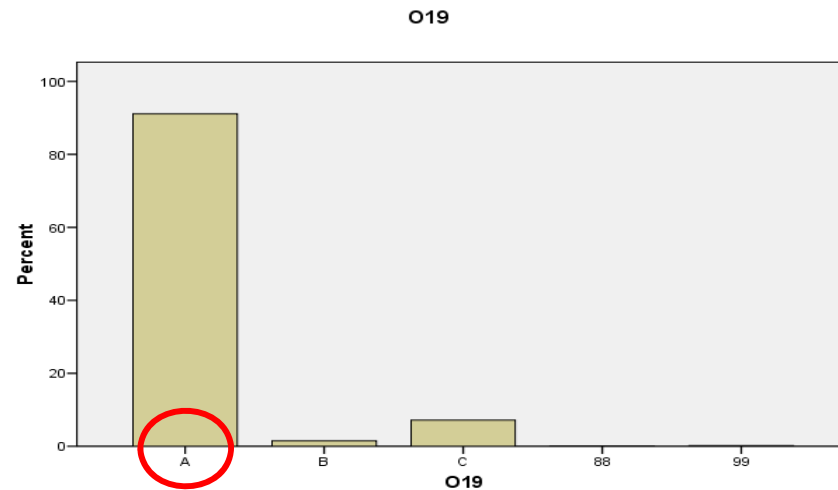
M	0,70
M (O)	1
ID	0,28





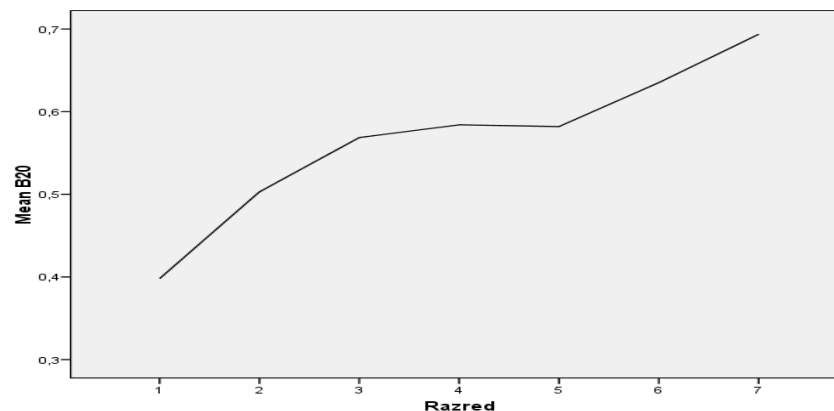
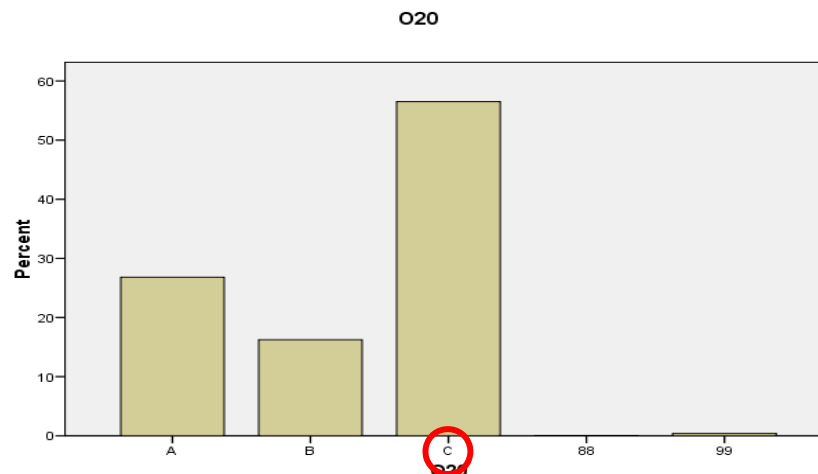
## 19. S čime se poduzetništvo povezuje?

M	0,91
M (O)	1
ID	0,28



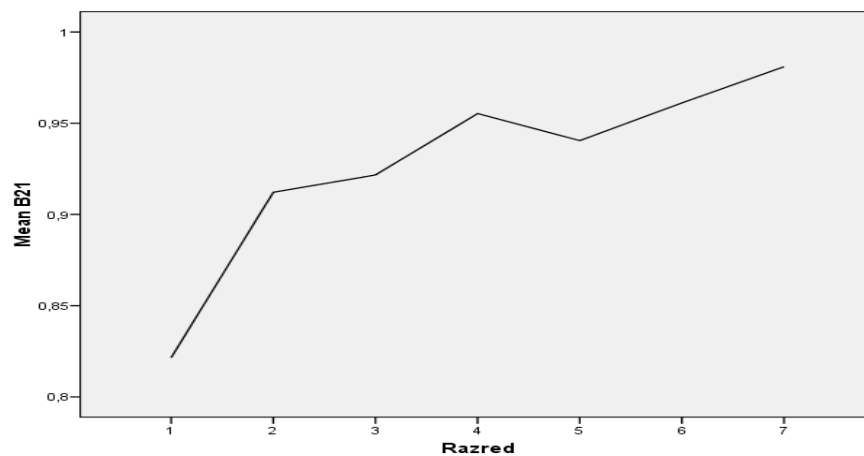
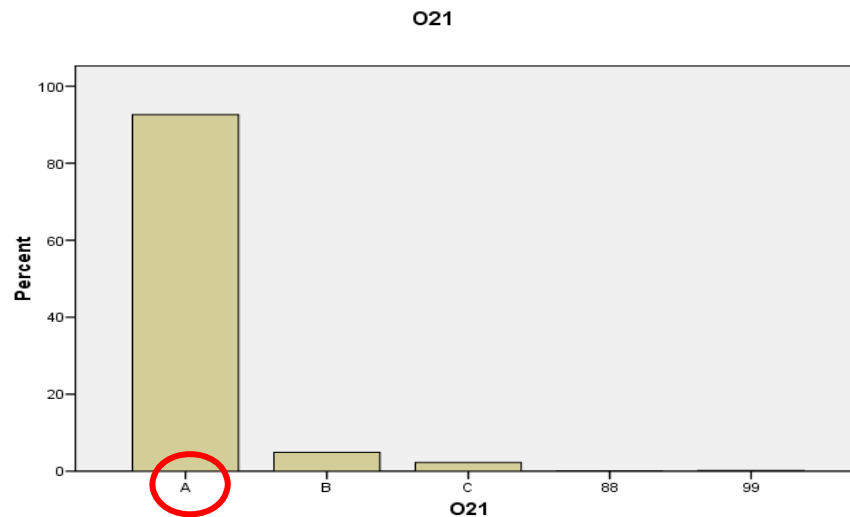
20. Što se stimulira donošenjem posebnih propisa o kvaliteti proizvoda široke potrošnje u kojima će temelj kvalitete biti određen načinom proizvodnje koju prakticira većina malih poljoprivrednih gospodarstava države?

M	0,57
M (O)	0,90
ID	0,12



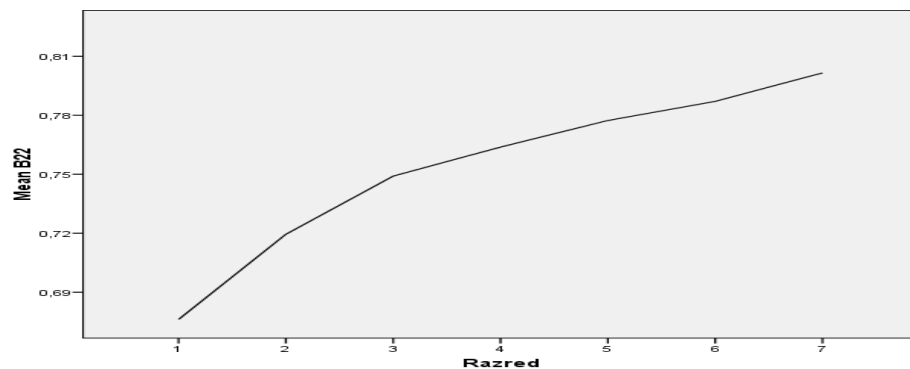
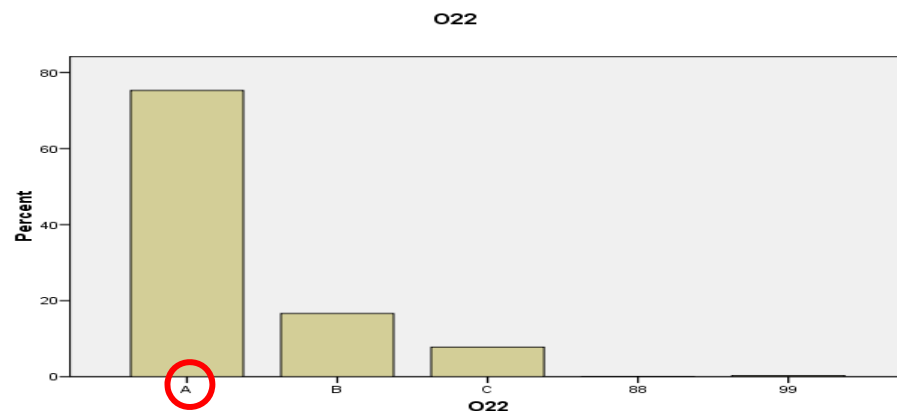
## 21. Poduzetnik je osoba:

<b>M</b>	<b>0,93</b>
<b>M (O)</b>	<b>1</b>
<b>ID</b>	<b>0,15</b>



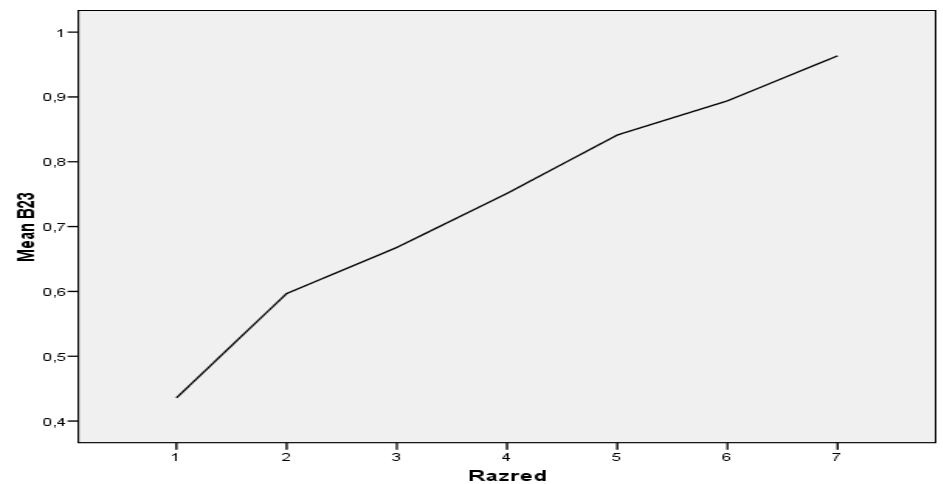
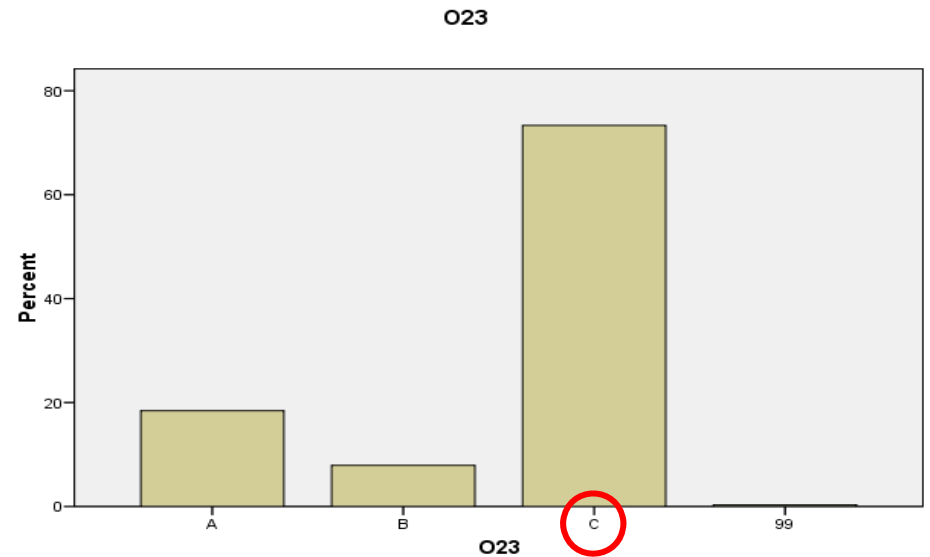
**22.** Hrvatsko gospodarstvo nedovoljno iskorištava svoje potencijale pa je proizvodnja proizvoda jedne strateški značajne gospodarske grane nedovoljna. Uvozimo gotovo sve proizvode te grane koje hrvatski građani redovito konzumiraju. O kojim je proizvodima riječ?

<b>M</b>	<b>0,75</b>
<b>M (O)</b>	<b>1</b>
<b>ID</b>	<b>0,05</b>



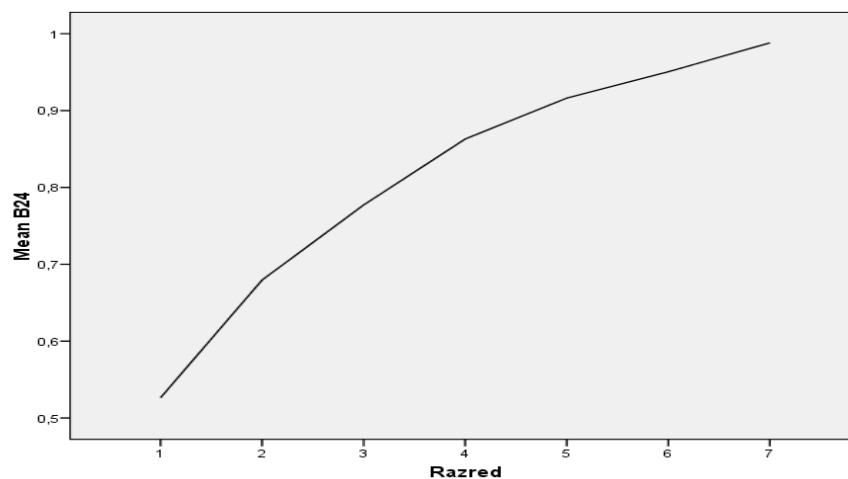
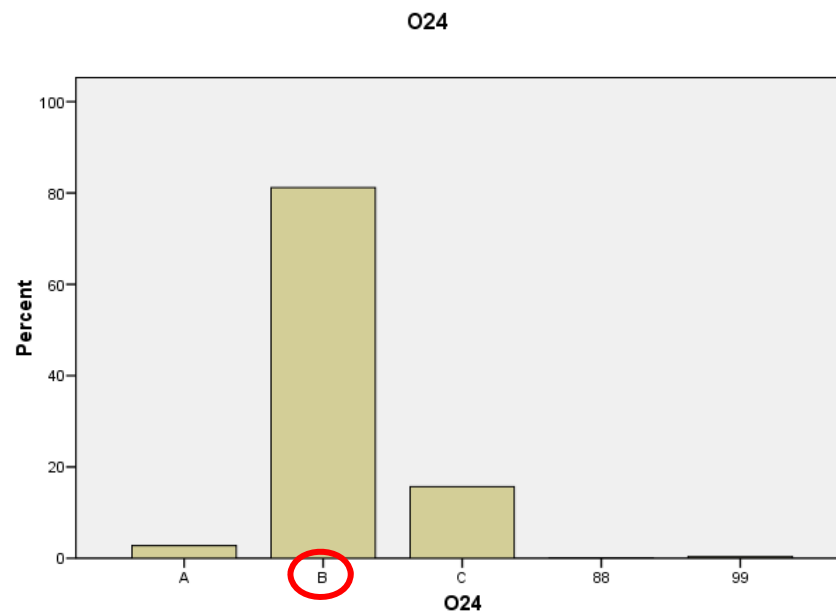
## 23. Liberalne stranke nastale su kao reakcija:

<b>M</b>	<b>0,73</b>
<b>M (O)</b>	<b>0,60</b>
<b>ID</b>	<b>0,35</b>



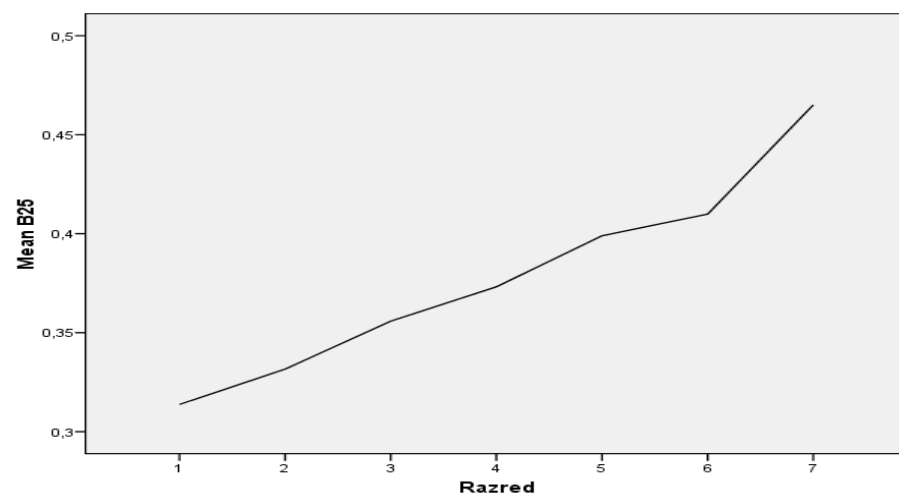
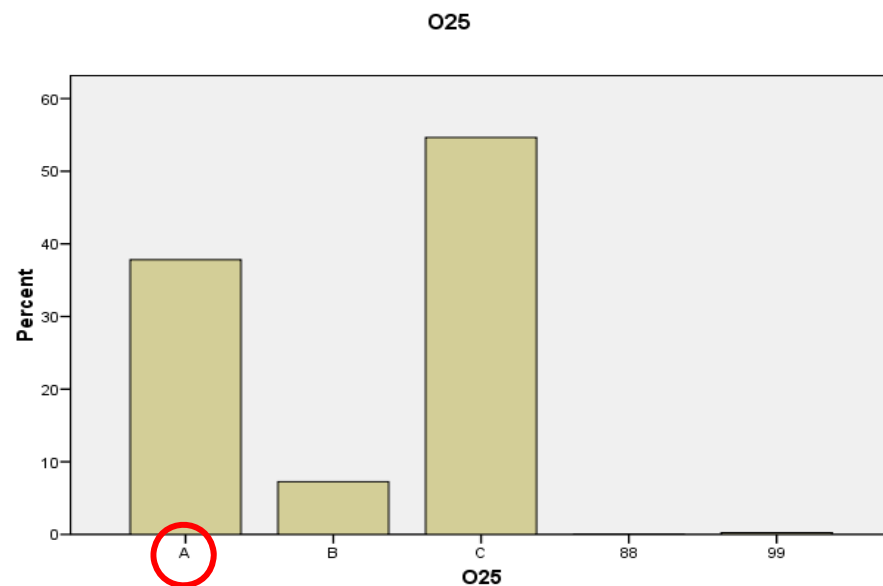
## 24. Što označuje asimilacija nacionalne manjine?

M	0,81
M (O)	0,70
ID	0,35



## 25. Što je koalicija?

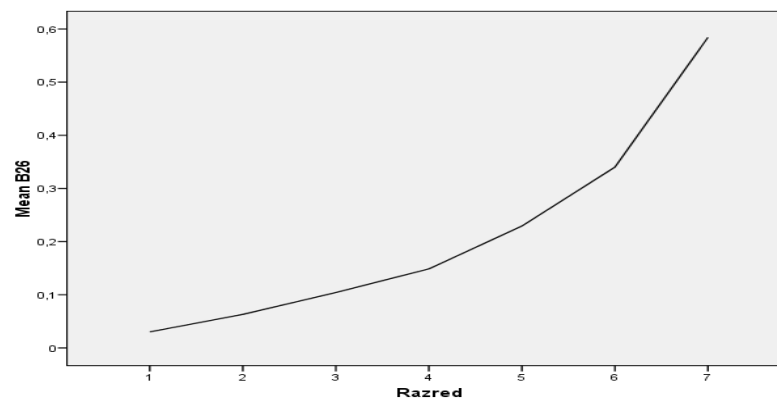
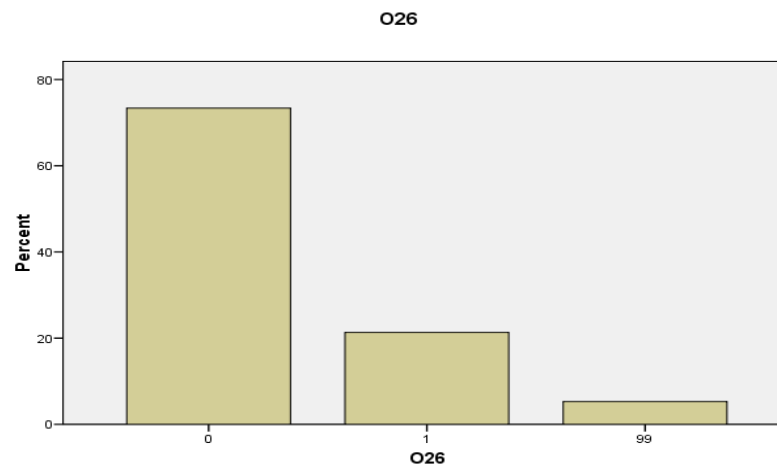
M	0,38
M (O)	0,70
ID	0,04



### III. Zadatci dopunjavanja

26. Sustav vladavine u kojem je vlast nasljednoga vladara neograničena naziva se \_\_\_\_\_.

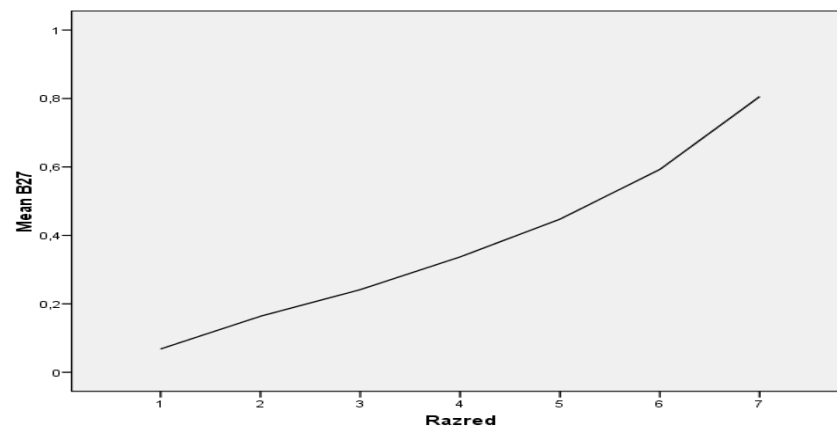
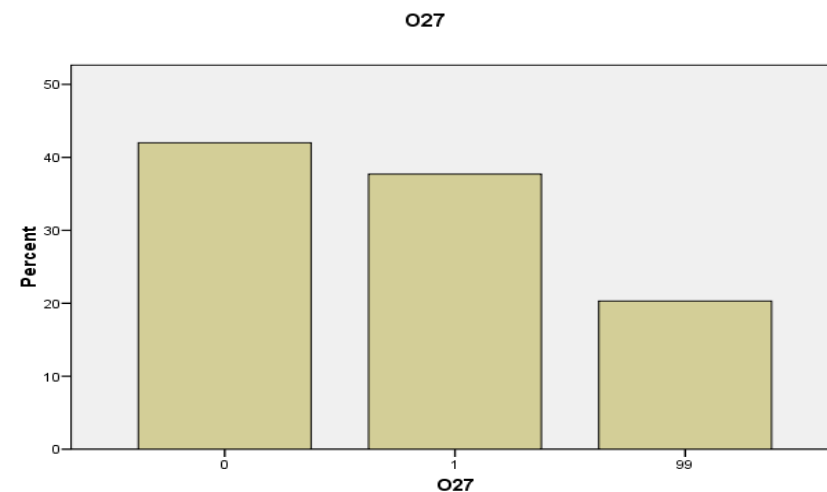
M	0,21
M (O)	0,80
ID	0,38





## 27. Radom stvorena ekonomska dobra dijeje se na \_\_\_\_\_ i \_\_\_\_\_.

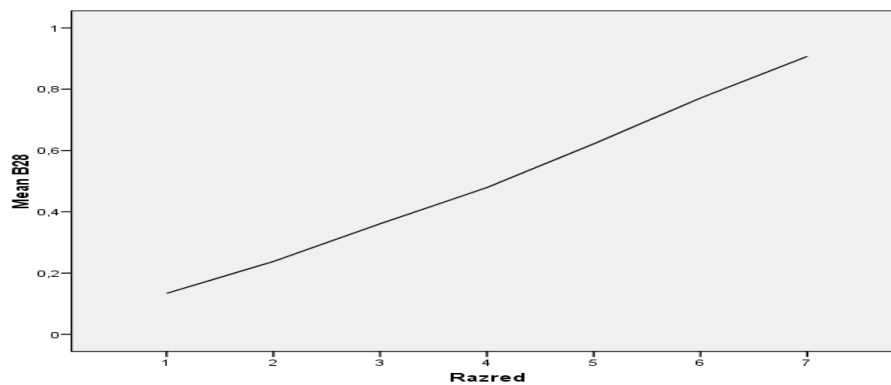
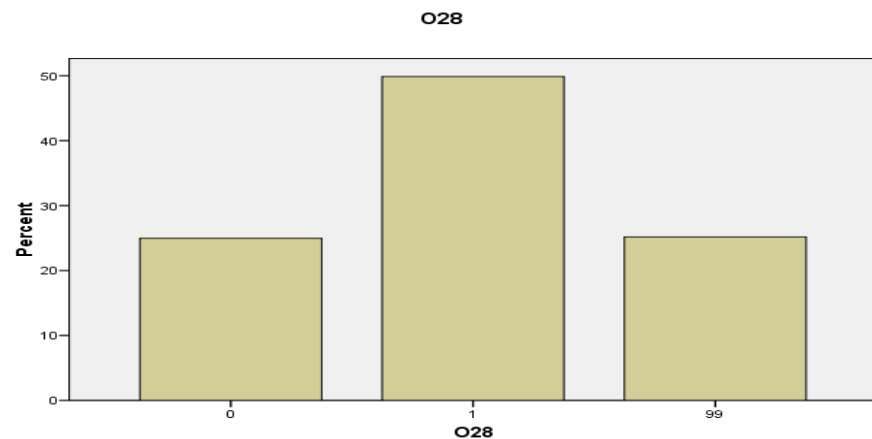
M	0,38
M (O)	1
ID	0,45



28. Godina 1776. smatra se godinom nastanka ekonomije kao znanstvene discipline.

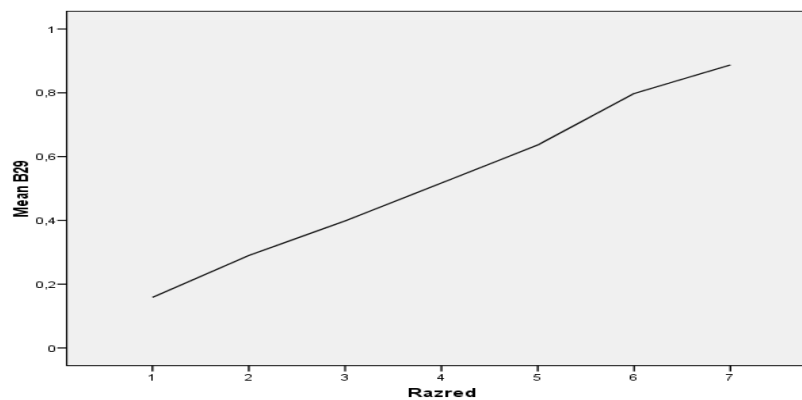
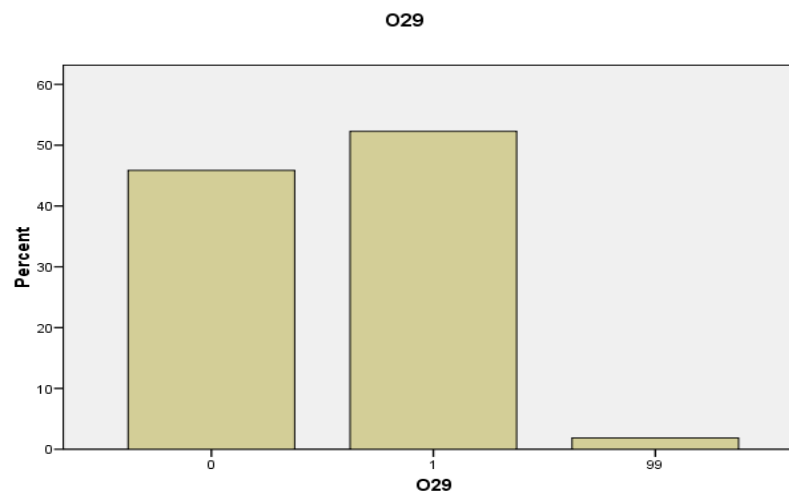
Tada se pojavila knjiga autora Adama Smitha.  
Naslov te knjige je \_\_\_\_\_.

M	0,50
M (O)	1
ID	0,48



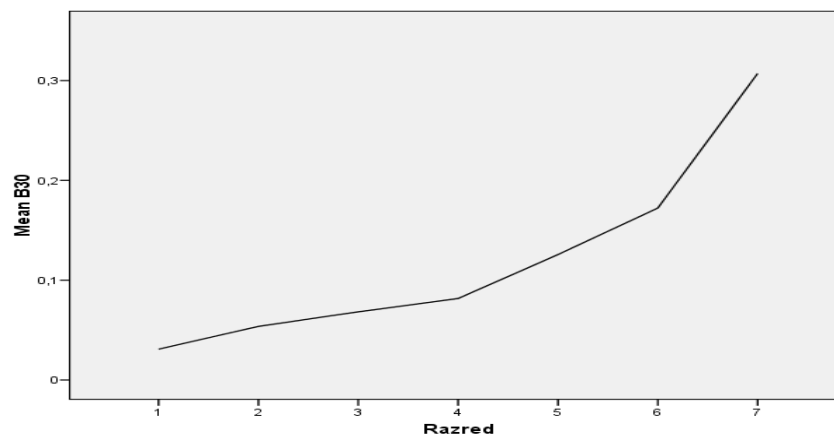
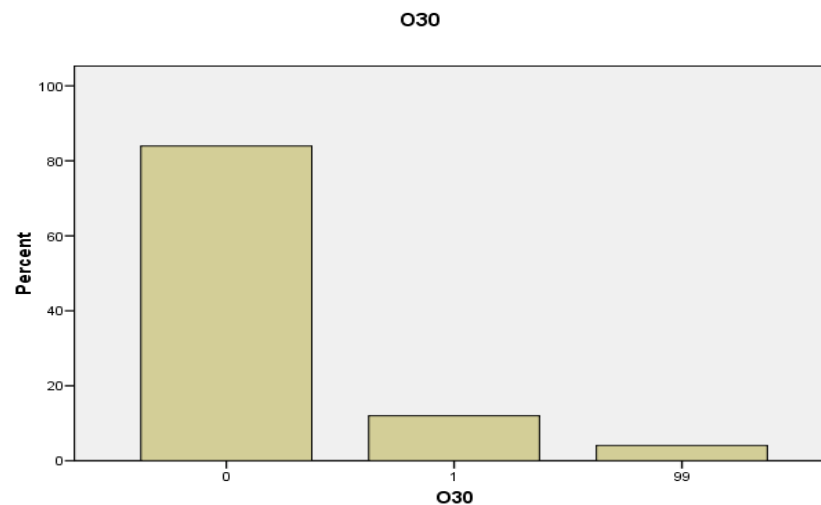
## 29. Ustavne suce bira Hrvatski sabor na vrijeme od \_\_\_\_\_ godina.

M	0,52
M (O)	0,70
ID	0,45



**30.** Zakon stupa na snagu najranije \_\_\_\_\_ dan od dana njegove objave, osim ako nije zbog osobito opravdanih razloga zakonom drukčije određeno.

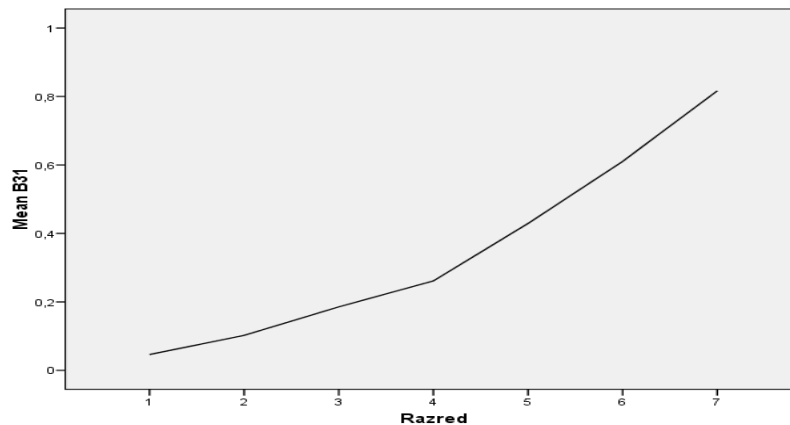
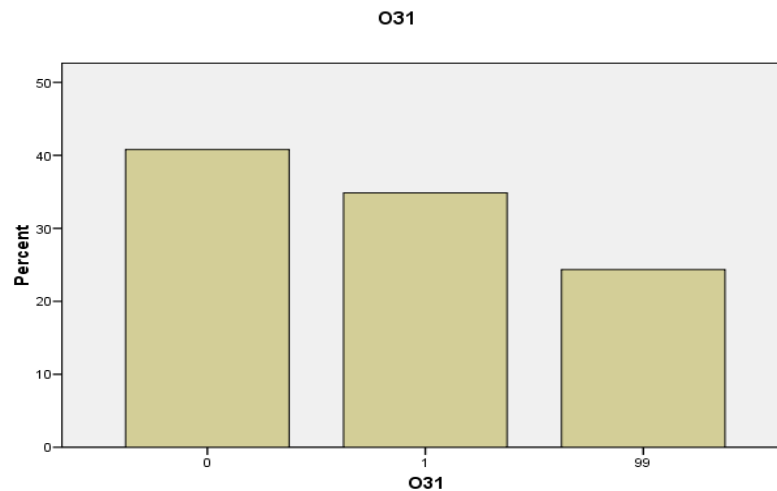
<b>M</b>	<b>0,12</b>
<b>M (O)</b>	<b>0,80</b>
<b>ID</b>	<b>0,23</b>



## 31. Narodnu stranku u Hrvatskoj utemeljili su

i

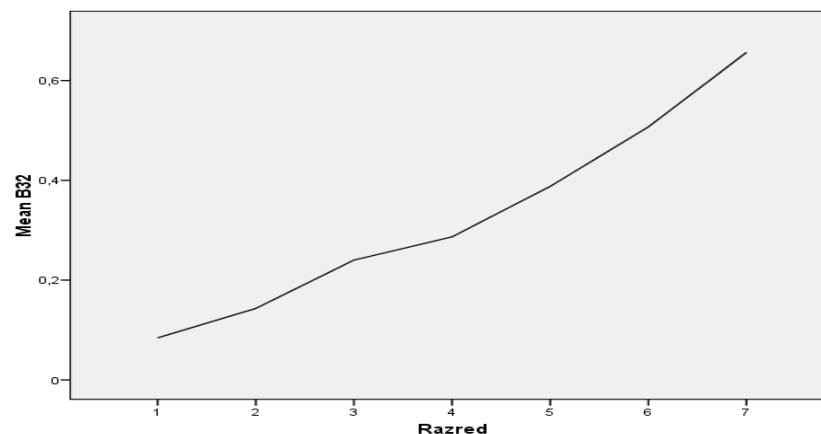
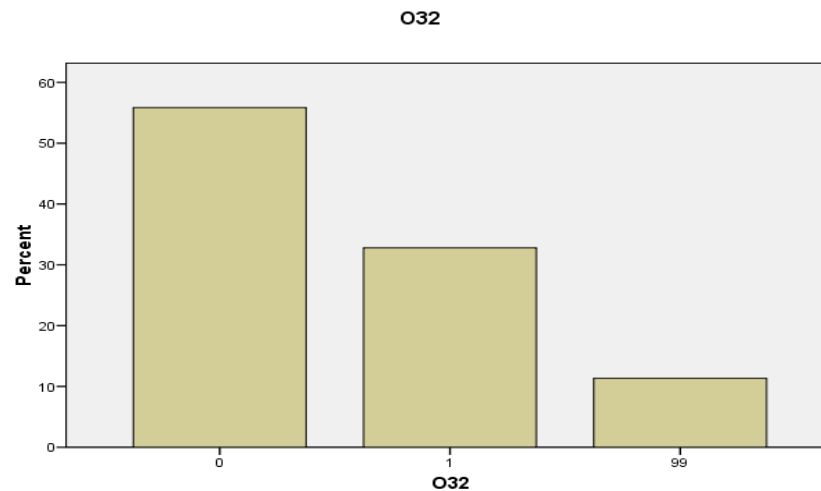
M	0,35
M (O)	0,90
ID	0,50



**32.** Oružane snage Republike Hrvatske mogu prijeći njezine granice samo na temelju odluke nadležne institucije.

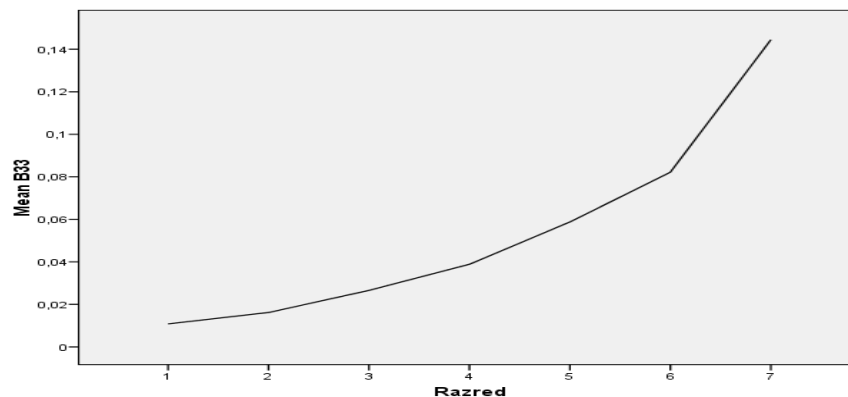
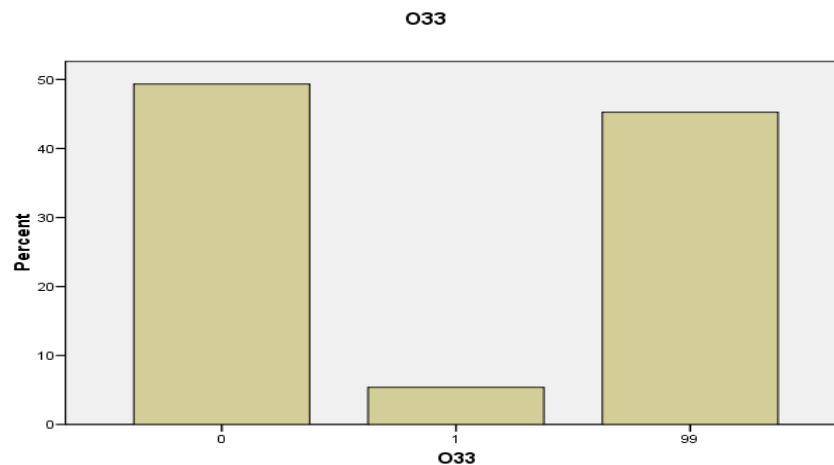
Ta institucija naziva se \_\_\_\_\_.

<b>M</b>	<b>0,33</b>
<b>M (O)</b>	<b>0,80</b>
<b>ID</b>	<b>0,36</b>



**33.** U ekonomskoj teoriji XX. stoljeća, nakon primjene ideja ekonomije potražnje, u gospodarstvu se počinju razvijati i primjenjivati nove ideje. Nastoji se potaknuti djelovanje malih i srednjih poduzetnika čime bi se osiguralo djelovanje tržišnih zakona i povećala ponuda roba. Takva ekonomska teorija naziva se \_\_\_\_\_.

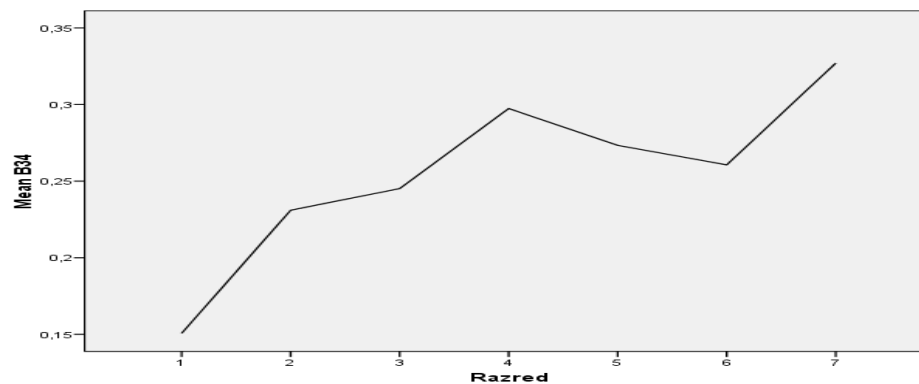
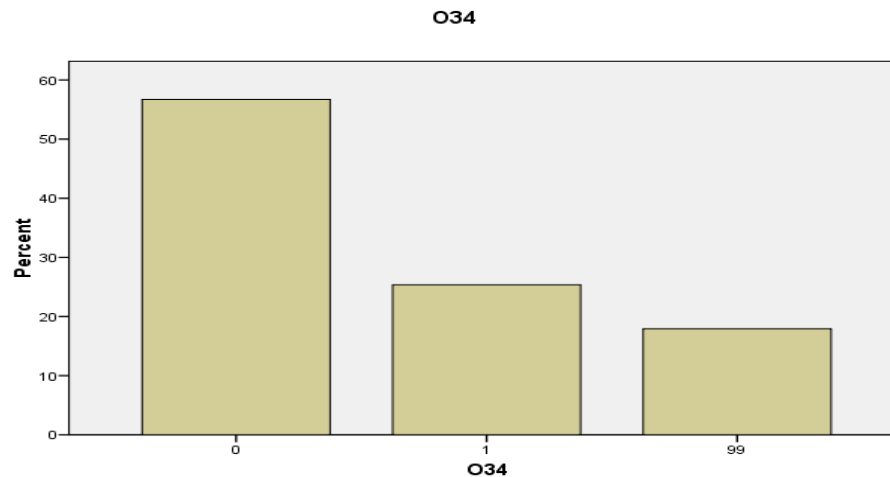
<b>M</b>	<b>0,05</b>
<b>M (O)</b>	<b>0,70</b>
<b>ID</b>	<b>0,17</b>



**34.** U nacionalnome gospodarstvu, kada su robni i novčani tijekovi izjednačeni, kaže se da je agregatna ponuda jednaka

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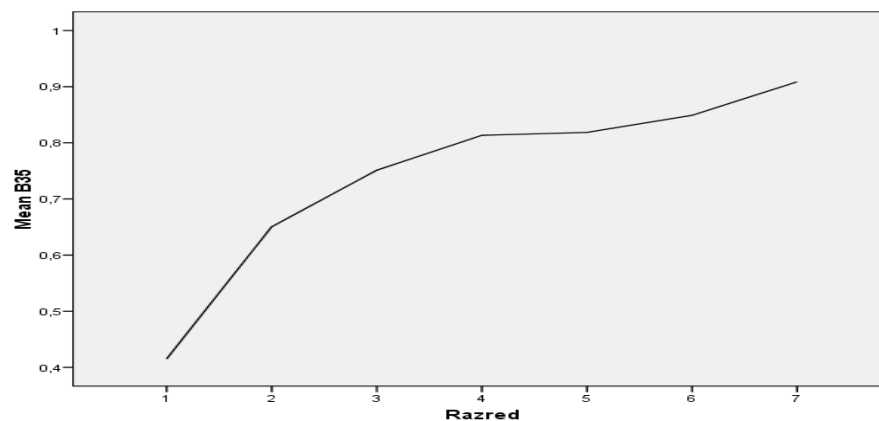
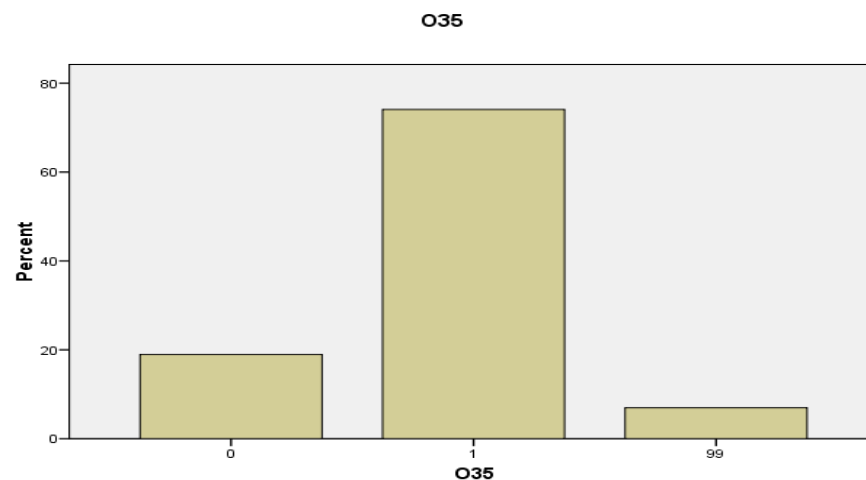
<b>M</b>	<b>0,25</b>
<b>M (O)</b>	<b>0,80</b>
<b>ID</b>	<b>0,07</b>





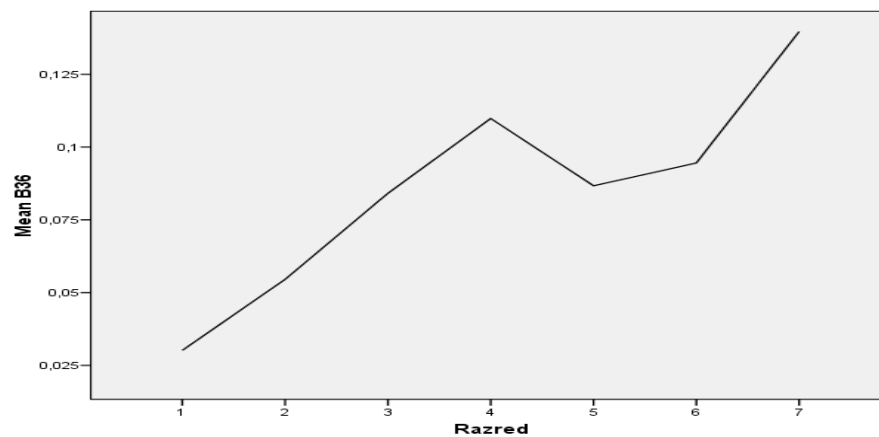
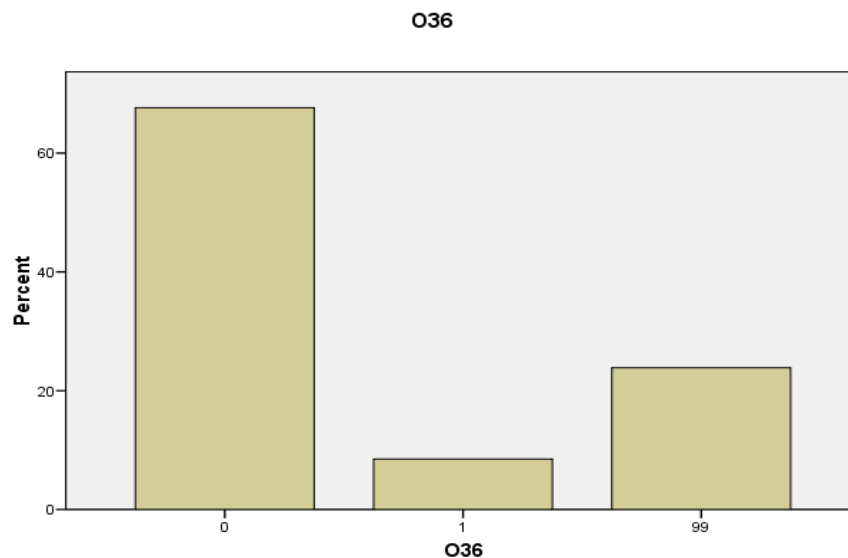
**35.** Posljedice negativnih trendova u gospodarstvu su socijalna nejednakost, \_\_\_\_\_ nezaposlenosti, nedostatak ili višak nekih dobara, nesigurnost poslovanja malih poduzetnika, nepoštena konkurencija i sl.

<b>M</b>	<b>0,74</b>
<b>M (O)</b>	<b>0,90</b>
<b>ID</b>	<b>0,29</b>



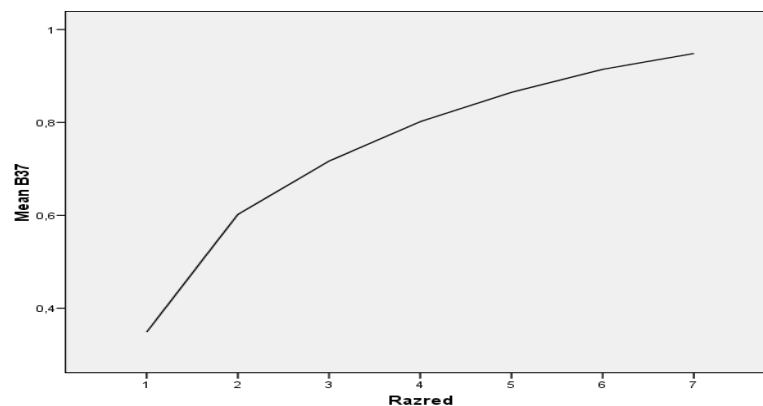
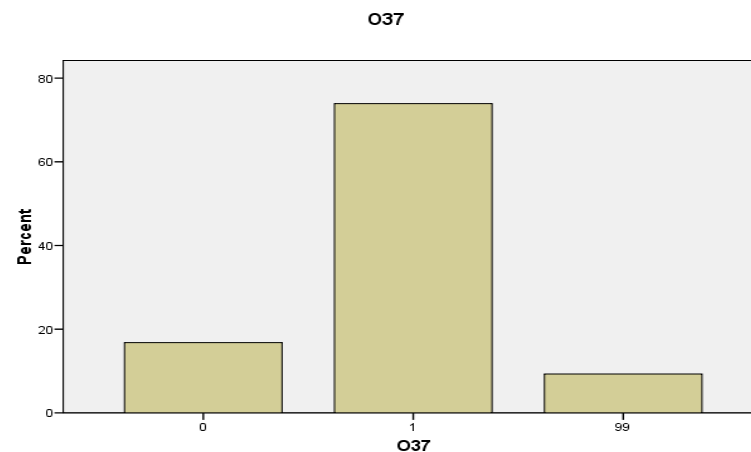
36. Odnosom outputa prema inputu iskazuje se \_\_\_\_\_.

M	0,08
M (O)	0,70
ID	0,08



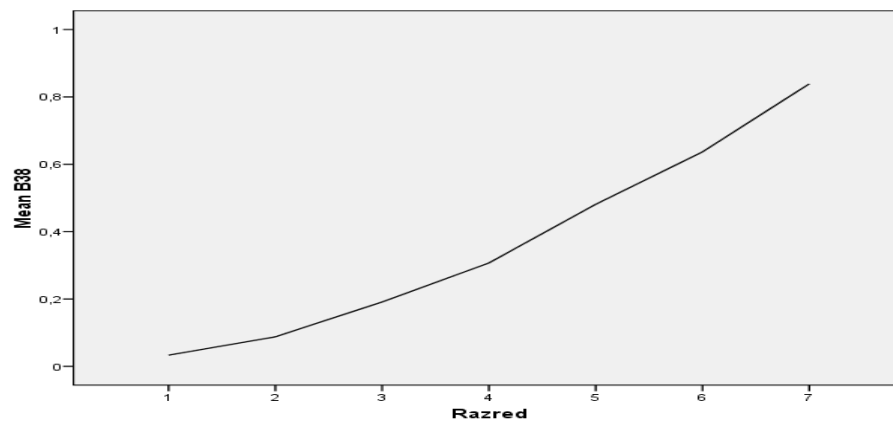
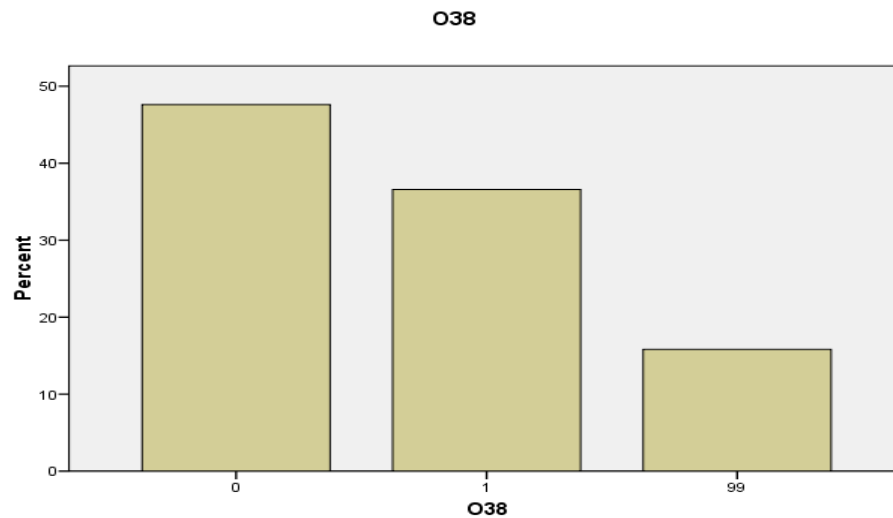
**37.** Kapitalističko društveno-ekonomsko uređenje karakterizira dominantni oblik \_\_\_\_\_ vlasništva koje omogućuje svakomu pojedincu slobodno odlučivanje o ulaganju vlastite imovine uz prihvaćanje rizika koji to ulaganje može donijeti.

<b>M</b>	<b>0,74</b>
<b>M (O)</b>	<b>0,90</b>
<b>ID</b>	<b>0,40</b>



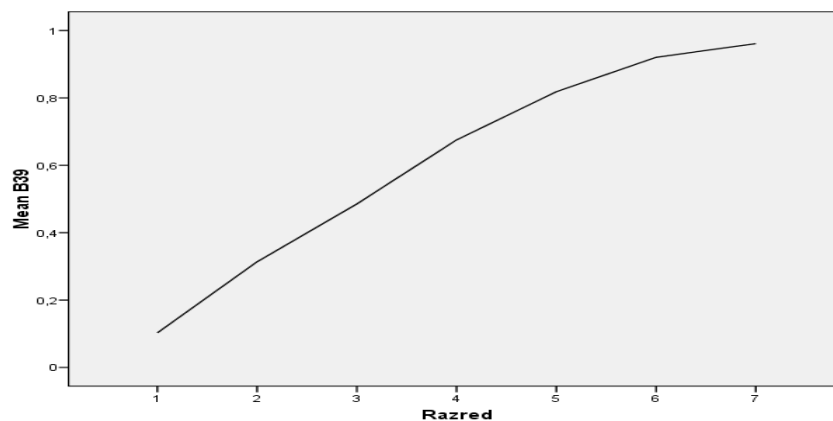
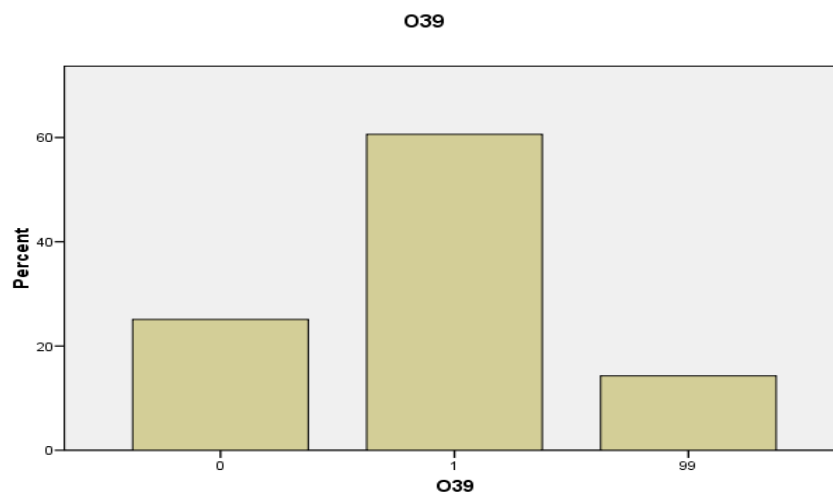
## 38. Politički govor može biti: emotivan, ekpresivan, iterativan, \_\_\_\_\_ i \_\_\_\_\_.

M	0,37
M (O)	0,90
ID	0,53



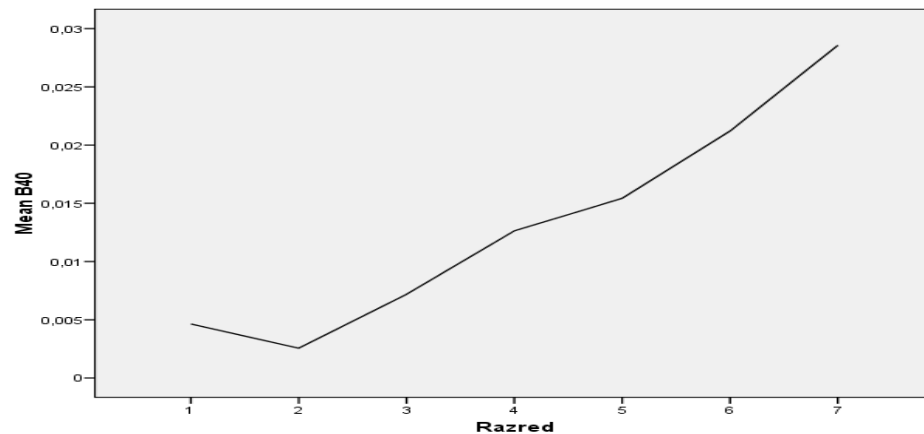
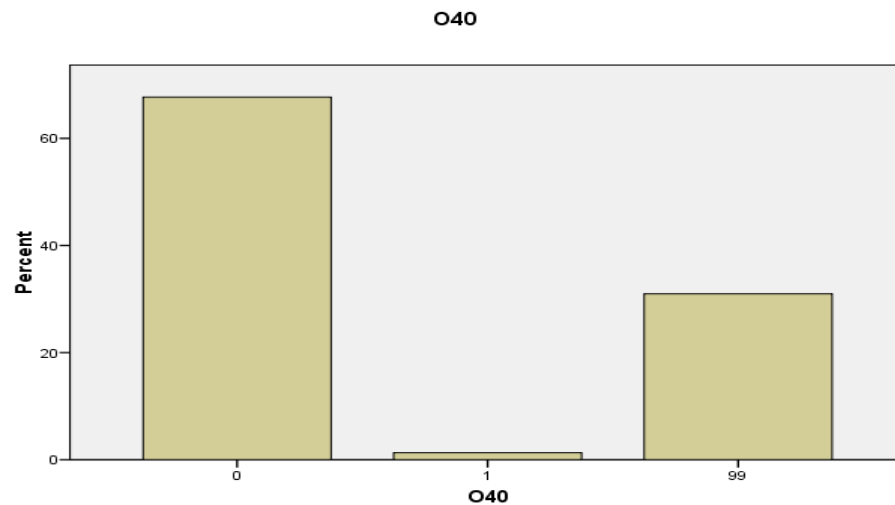
39. Tip stranaka koje se drže postojećega reda i poretka zalažu se za zadržavanje postojećih uvriježenih vrijednota, ističu i brane posredničke strukture kao što su obitelj i župske zajednice te zagovaraju moralne vrijednosti nazivaju se \_\_\_\_\_.

M	0,61
M (O)	0,70
ID	0,56



**40.** Skup pojedinaca koji svoju pozornost usmjeravaju na pitanja od općega interesa naziva se \_\_\_\_\_.

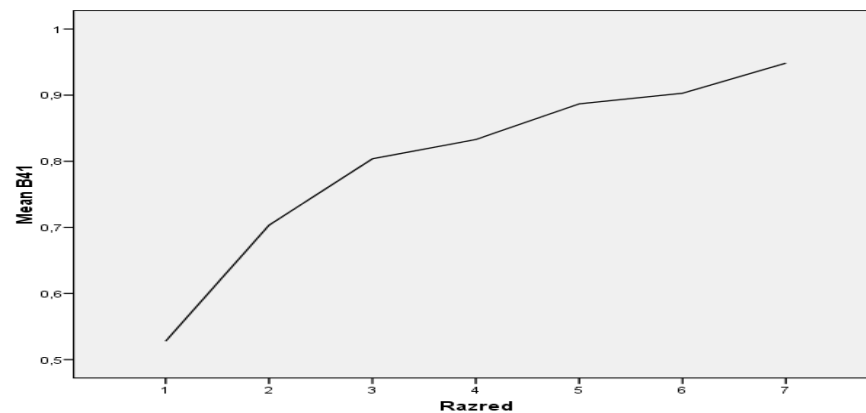
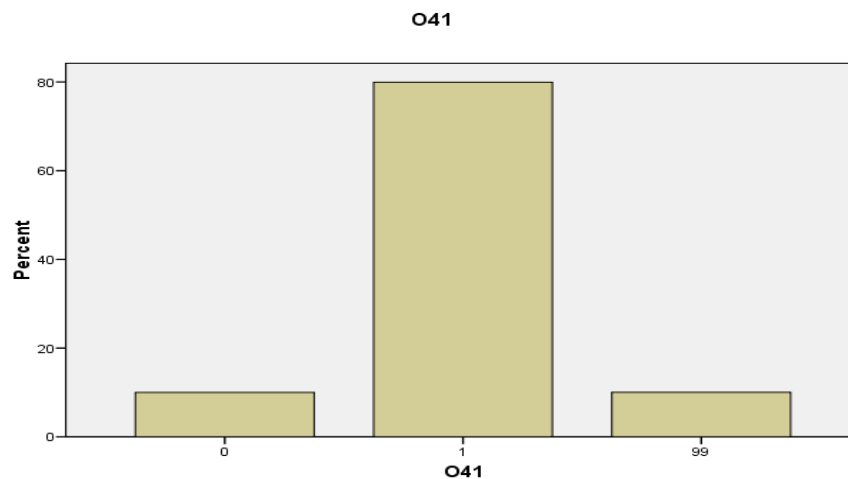
<b>M</b>	<b>0,01</b>
<b>M (O)</b>	<b>0,70</b>
<b>ID</b>	<b>0,08</b>



## IV. Zadatci kratkih odgovora

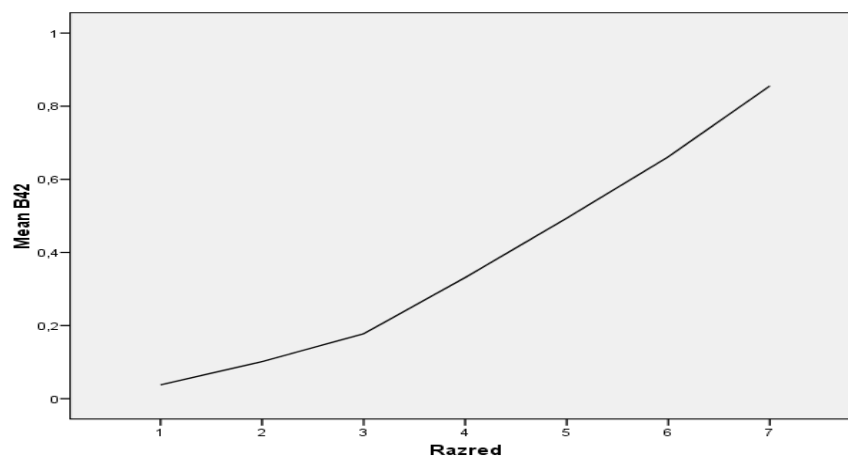
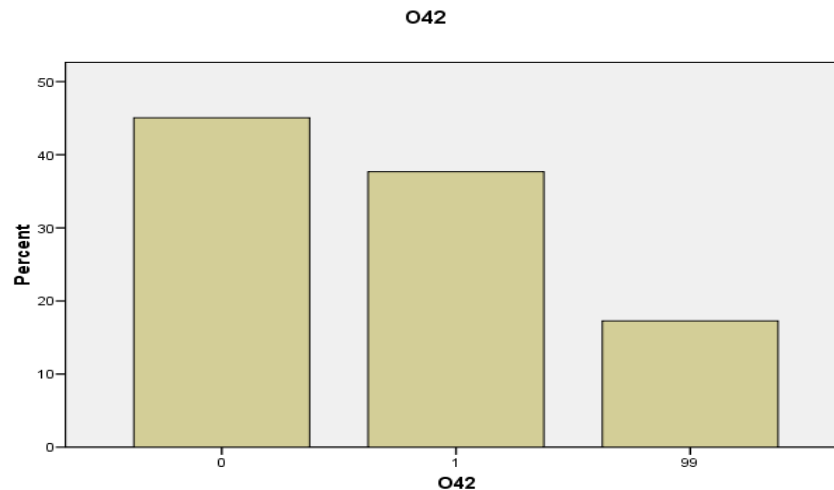
### 41. Što je politologija?

M	0,80
M (O)	1
ID	0,29



## 42. Legitimnost koje vlasti se temelji na unaprijed određenim normama ponašanja, zakonskim aktima i procedurama?

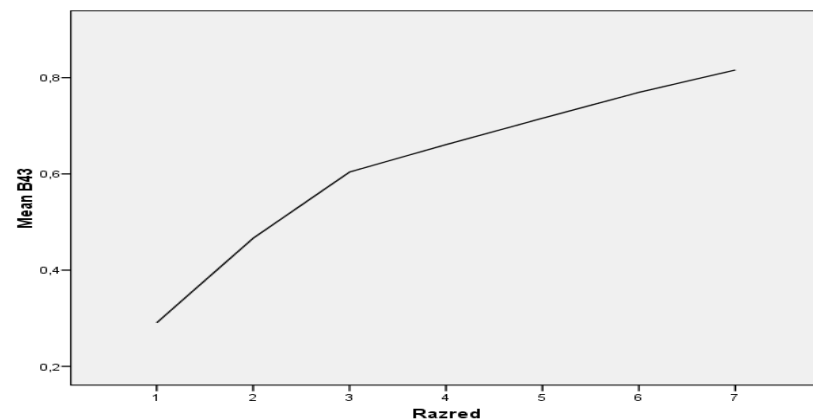
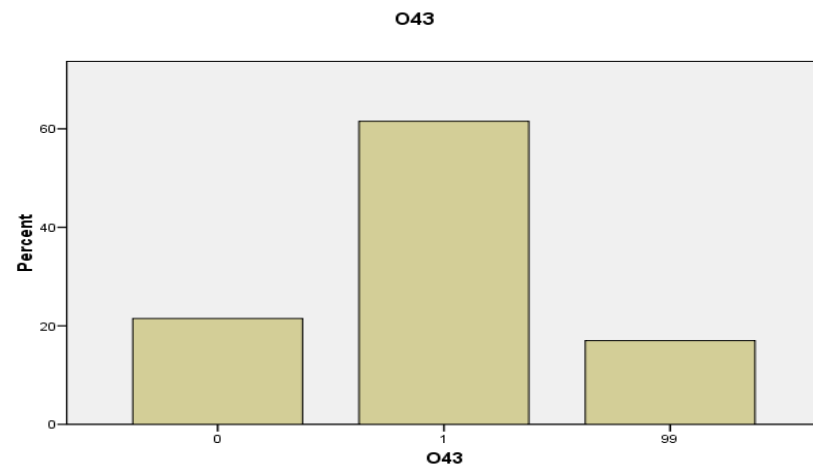
<b>M</b>	<b>0,38</b>
<b>M (O)</b>	<b>0,80</b>
<b>ID</b>	<b>0,54</b>





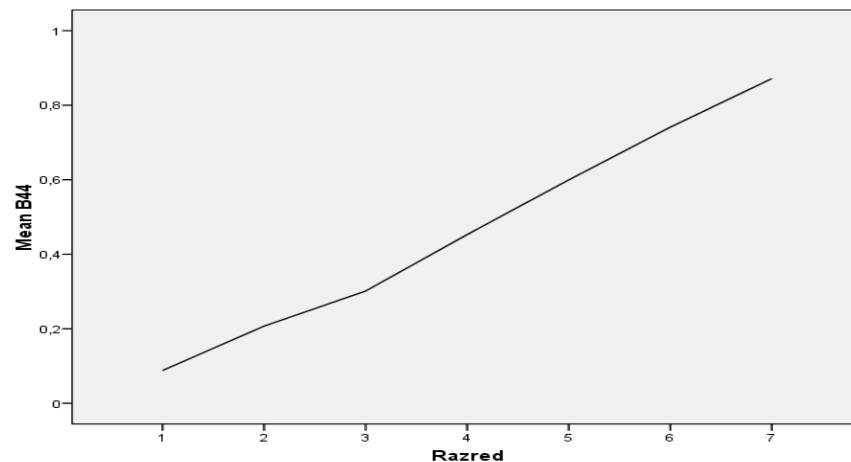
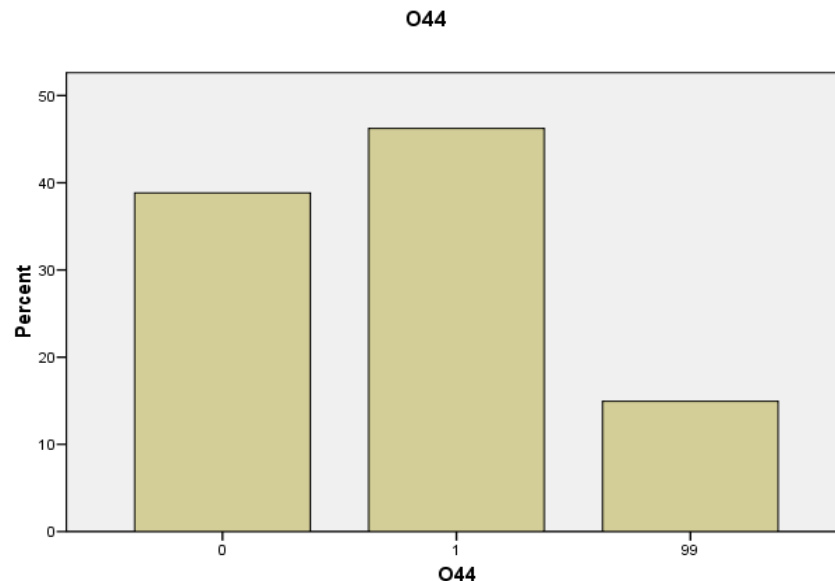
**43.** Filip Makedonski je na kongresu u Korintu ujedinio sve grčke države u savez kojem je on bio na čelu i koji mu je bio potreban za osvajanje Perzije. Što je, u navedenome slučaju, za Filipa Makedonskoga krajnji politički cilj, a što sredstvo za postizanje toga cilja?

<b>M</b>	<b>0,62</b>
<b>M (O)</b>	<b>0,80</b>
<b>ID</b>	<b>0,30</b>



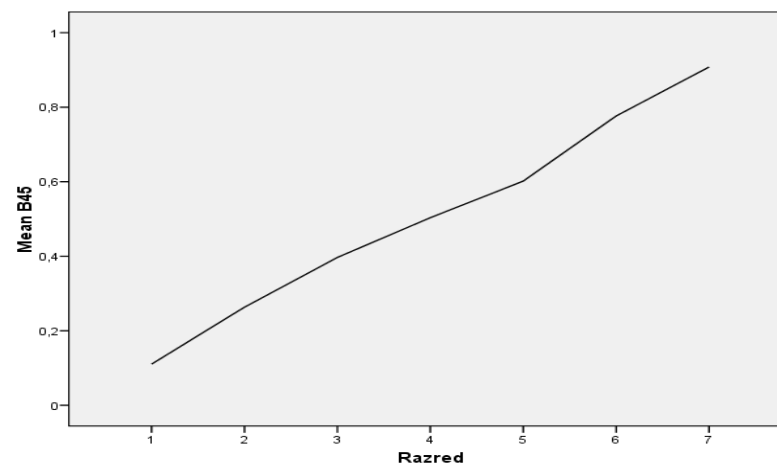
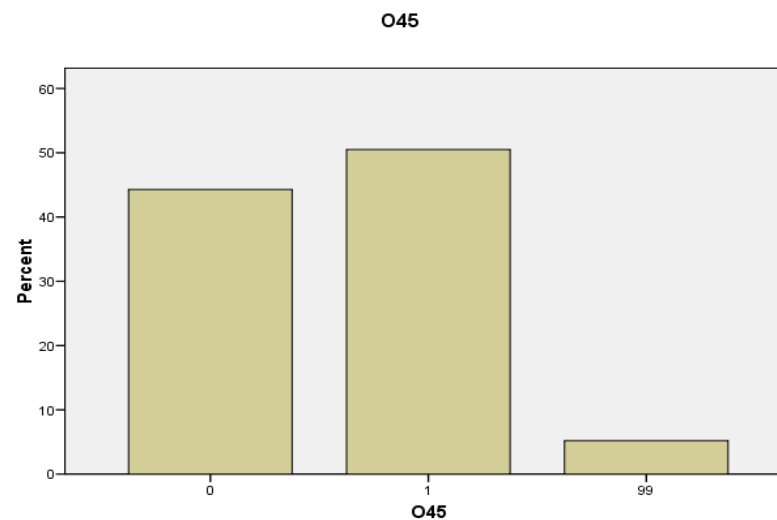
## 44. Kako se naziva pripadnik određene državne zajednice u kojoj djeluje kao politički subjekt?

M	0,46
M (O)	0,90
ID	0,49



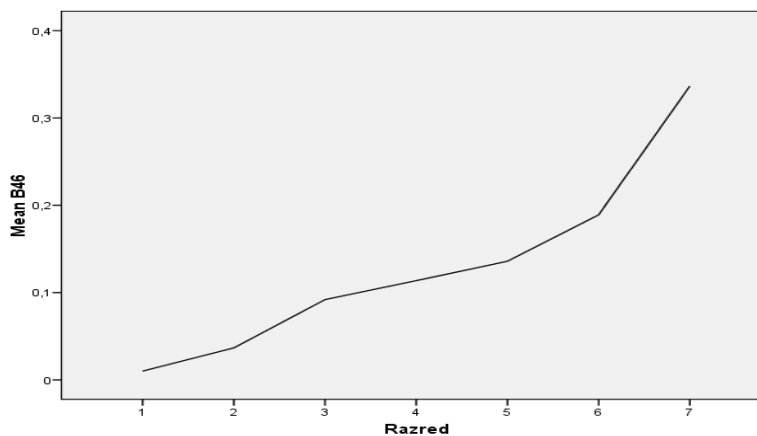
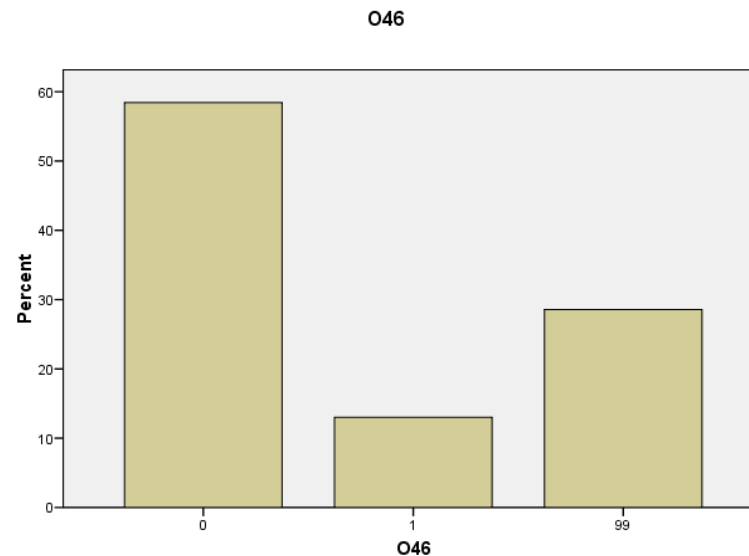
## 45. Koja institucija u Republici Hrvatskoj odlučuje o suglasnosti zakona s Ustavom?

M	0,51
M (O)	0,80
ID	0,48



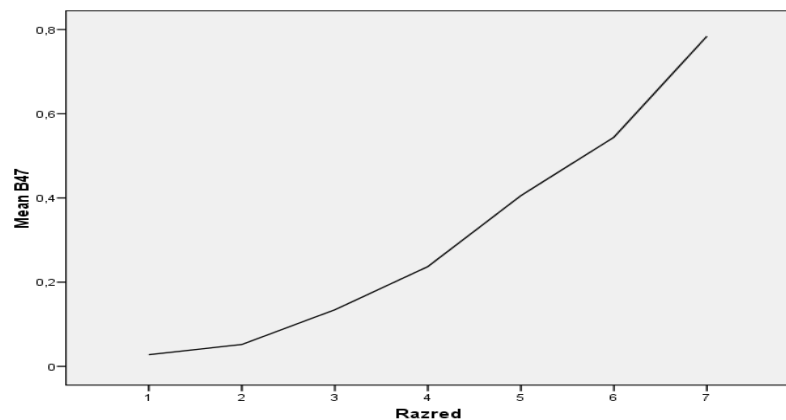
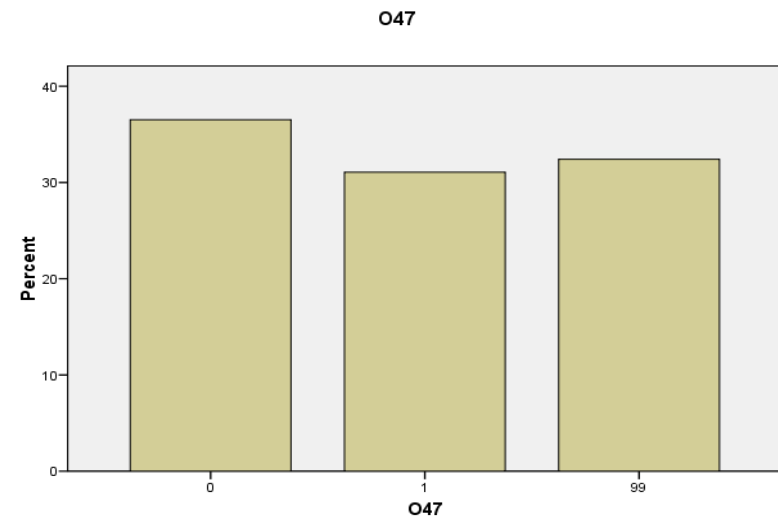
## 46. Navedite tri područja u nadležnosti područne (regionalne) samouprave.

<b>M</b>	<b>0,13</b>
<b>M (O)</b>	<b>0,80</b>
<b>ID</b>	<b>0,26</b>



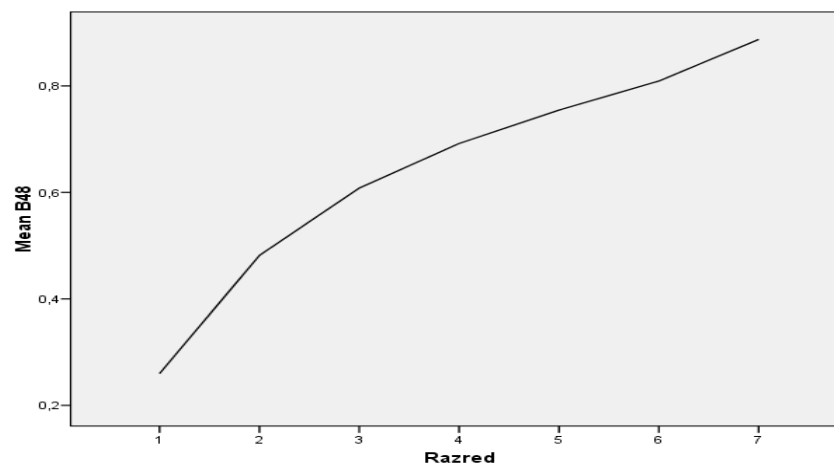
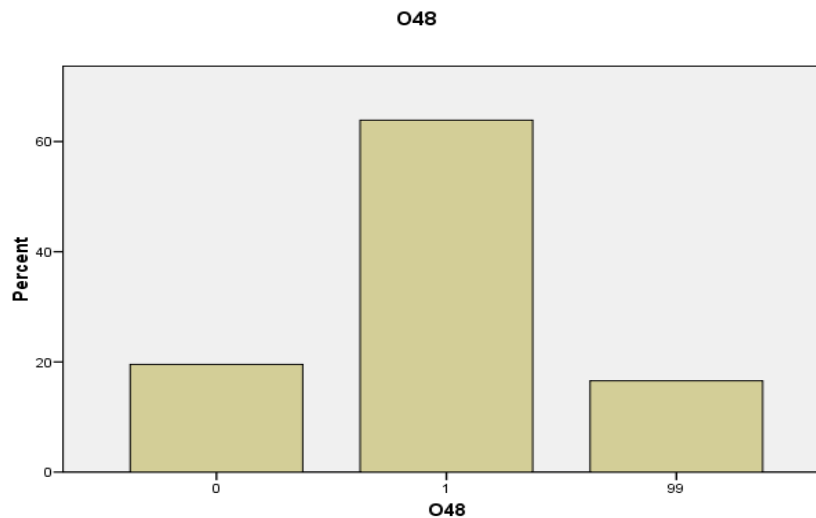
**47.** Navedite dva važna događaja u međunarodnim političkim odnosima koji su prethodili uspostavi višestranačja u Republici Hrvatskoj 1990. godine.

<b>M</b>	<b>0,31</b>
<b>M (O)</b>	<b>0,90</b>
<b>ID</b>	<b>0,51</b>



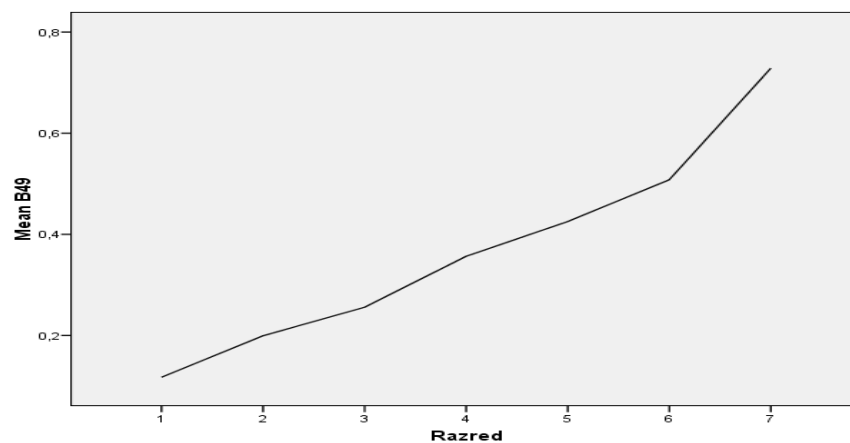
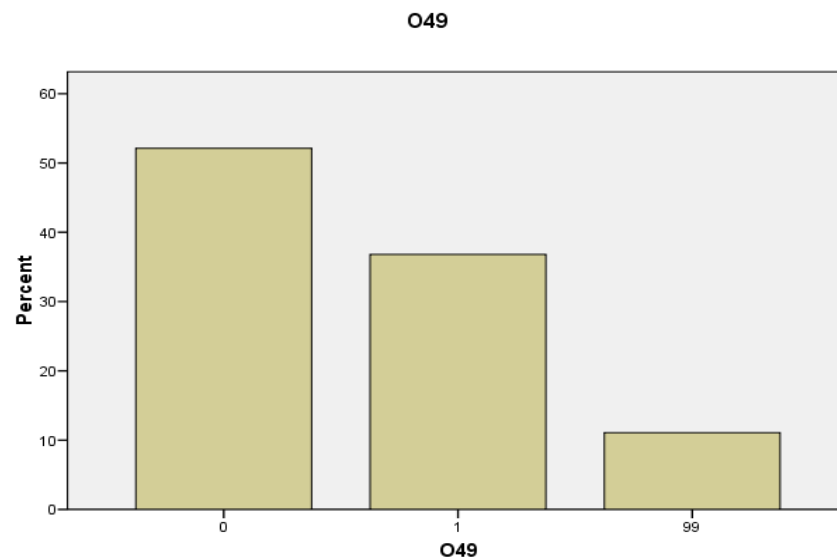
## 48. Kada se stranke u Republici Hrvatskoj smatraju protuustavnima?

M	0,64
M (O)	1
ID	0,37



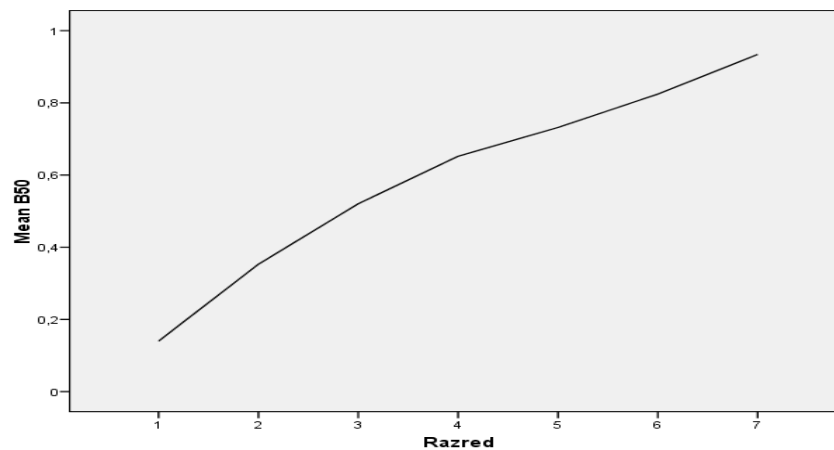
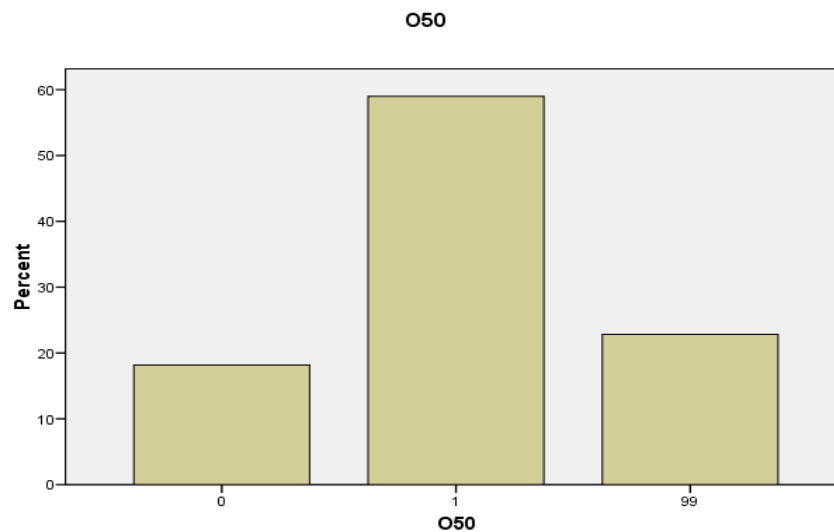
## 49. Što podrazumijeva ponuda robe?

<b>M</b>	<b>0,37</b>
<b>M (O)</b>	<b>0,80</b>
<b>ID</b>	<b>0,35</b>



**50.** Kako se naziva najčešće mjerilo razvijenosti države u makroekonomskome smislu kojim se omogućuje usporedba raznih zemalja?

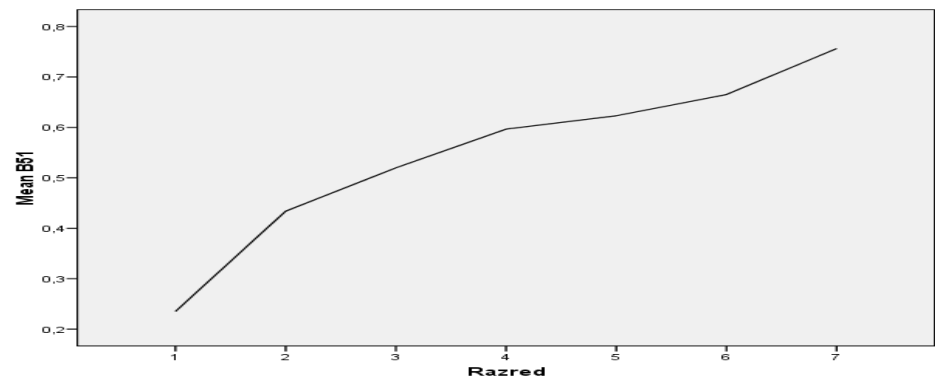
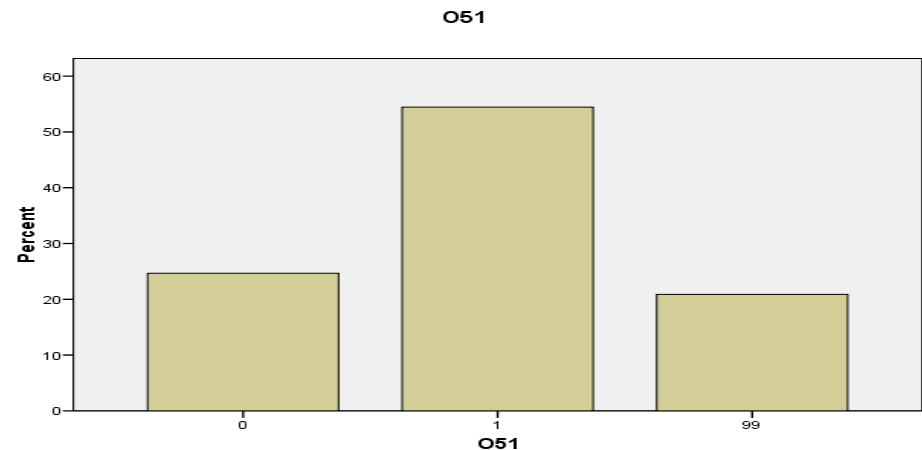
<b>M</b>	<b>0,59</b>
<b>M (O)</b>	<b>0,80</b>
<b>ID</b>	<b>0,48</b>





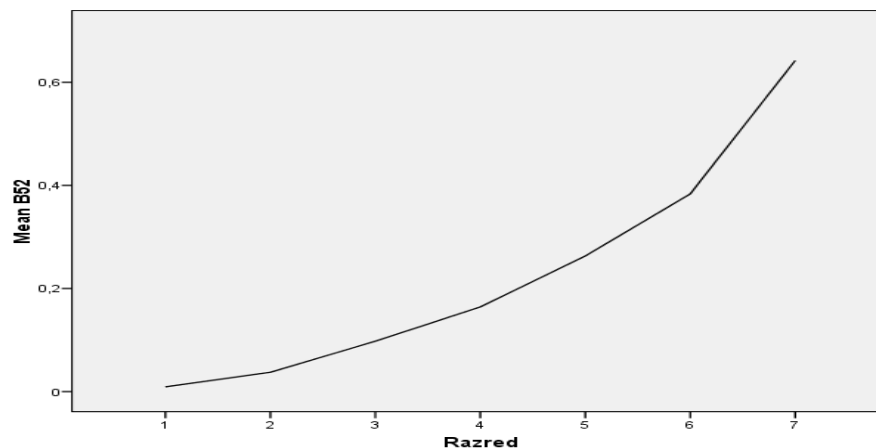
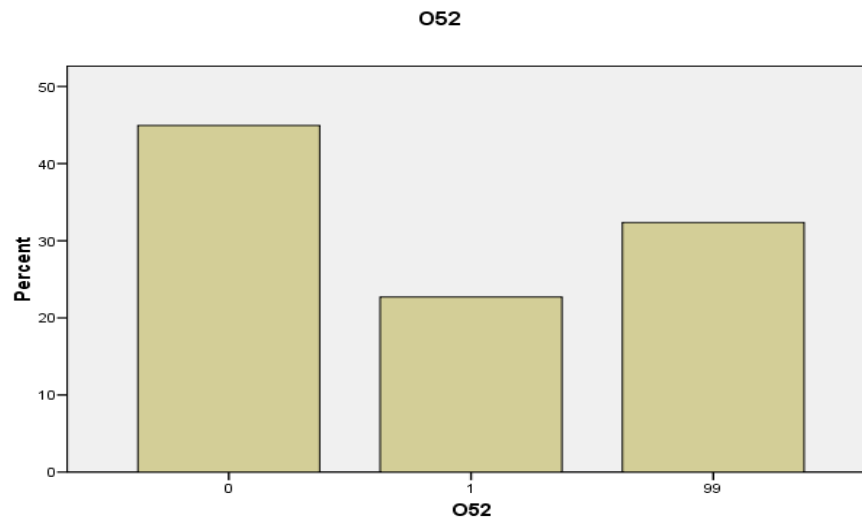
**51.** Kako se naziva poslovni odnos među gospodarskim subjektima gdje vjerovnik, uz određene uvjete, daje dužniku financijska sredstva uz obvezu plaćanja naknade i vraćanja posuđenoga iznosa?

<b>M</b>	<b>0,54</b>
<b>M (O)</b>	<b>1</b>
<b>ID</b>	<b>0,27</b>



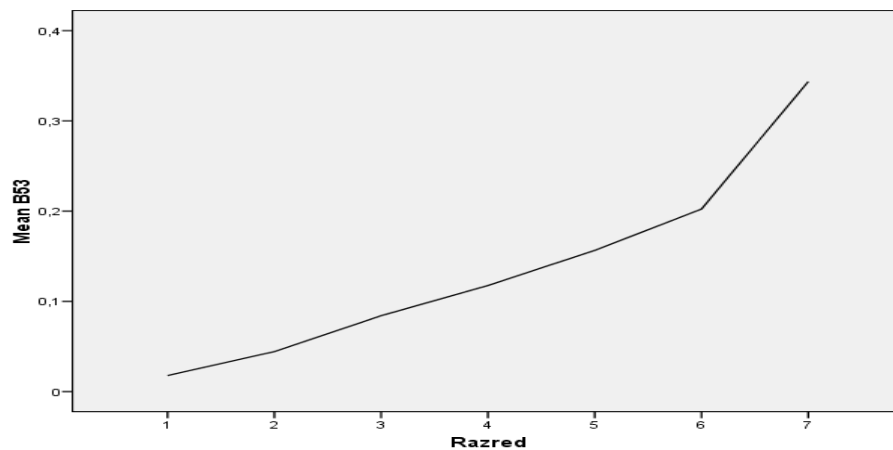
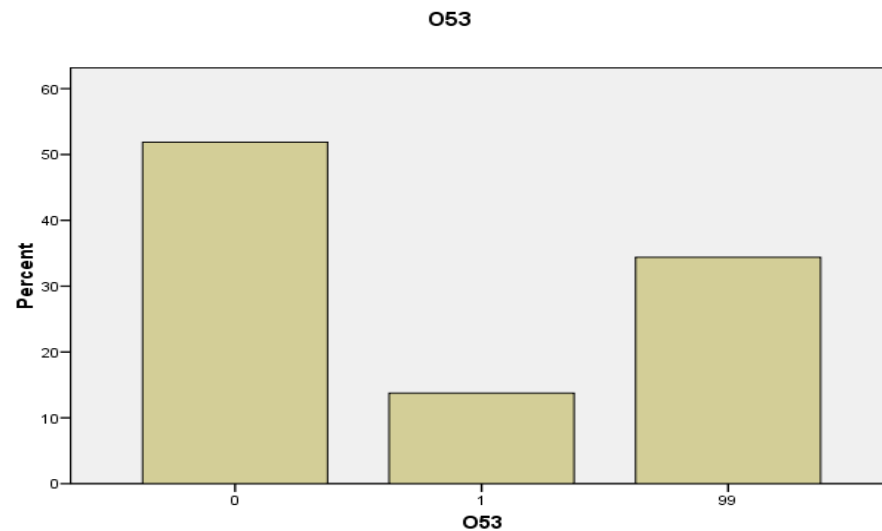
**52.** Kako se naziva politika kojom država provodi borbu protiv ograničene konkurencije u tržišnome gospodarskome ustroju?

<b>M</b>	<b>0,23</b>
<b>M (O)</b>	<b>1</b>
<b>ID</b>	<b>0,44</b>



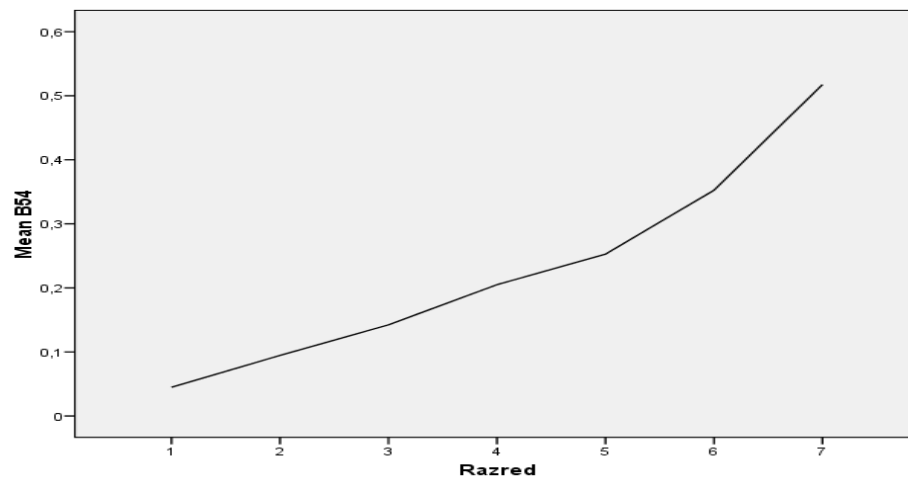
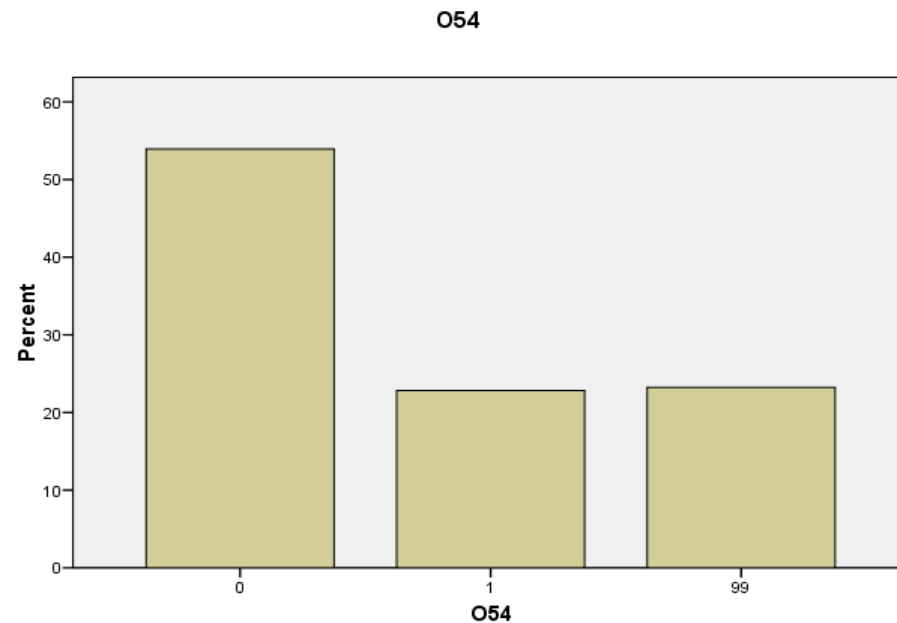
**53.** O kakvoj je tržišnoj strukturi riječ ako je na strani potražnje veliki broj sudionika, a na strani ponude dva sudionika?

<b>M</b>	<b>0,14</b>
<b>M (O)</b>	<b>0,70</b>
<b>ID</b>	<b>0,26</b>



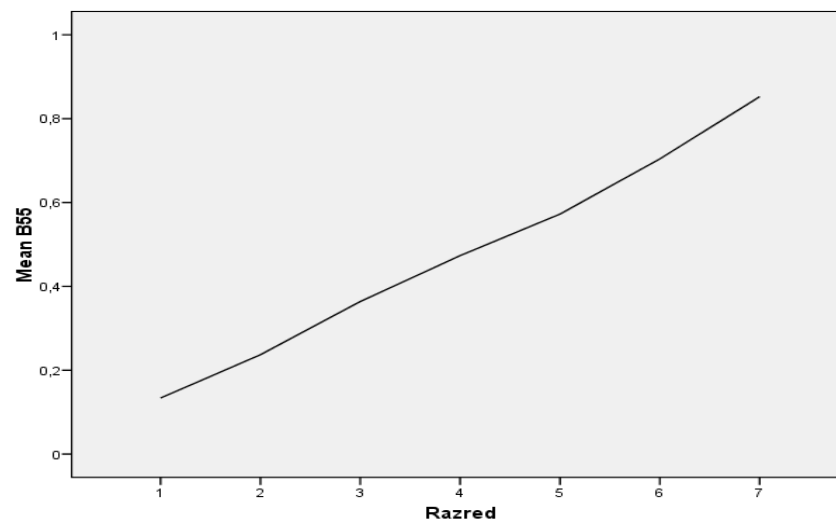
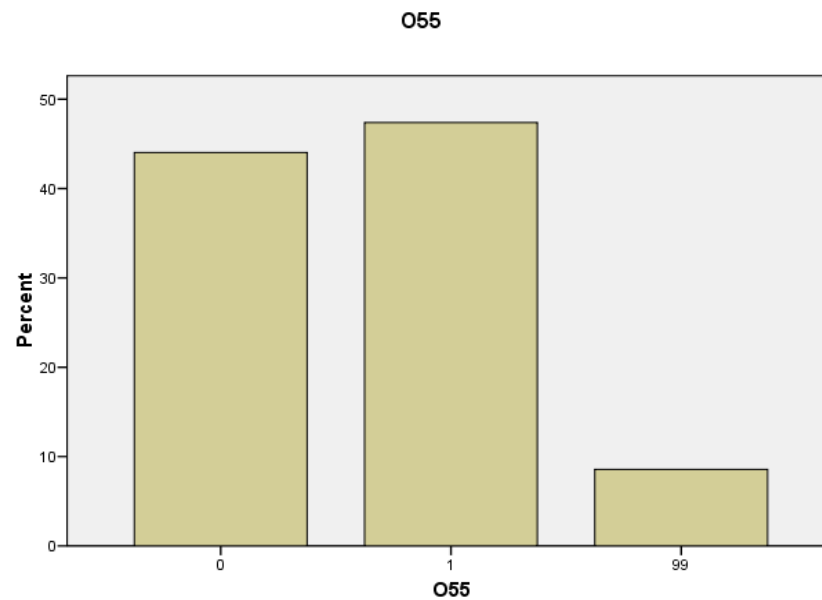
## 54. Što je menadžment?

<b>M</b>	<b>0,23</b>
<b>M (O)</b>	<b>0,90</b>
<b>ID</b>	<b>0,32</b>



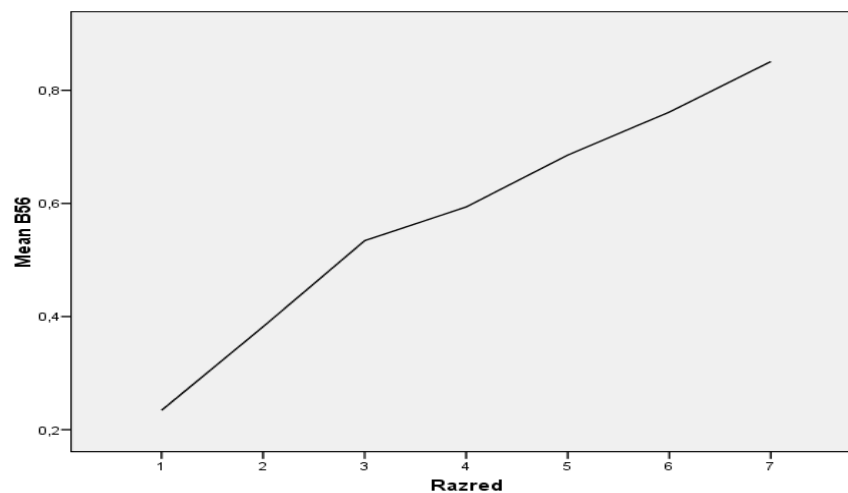
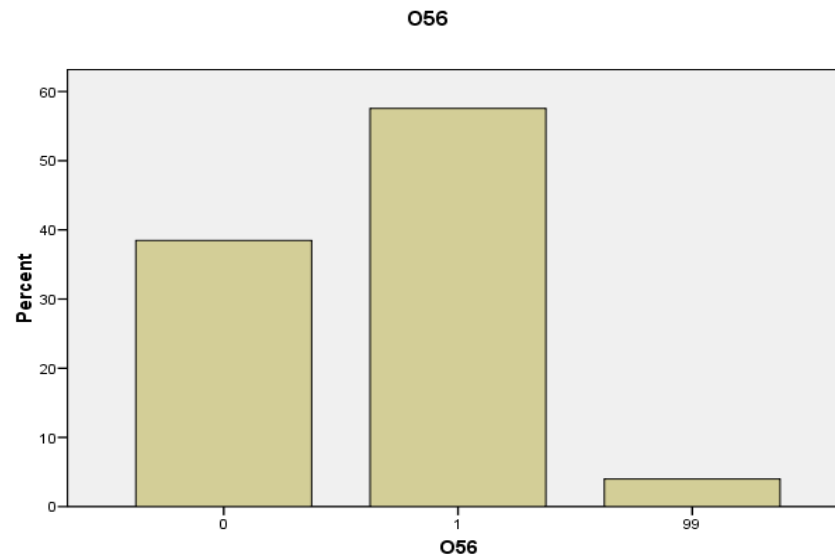
## 55. Što je nacija?

<b>M</b>	<b>0,47</b>
<b>M (O)</b>	<b>0,80</b>
<b>ID</b>	<b>0,43</b>



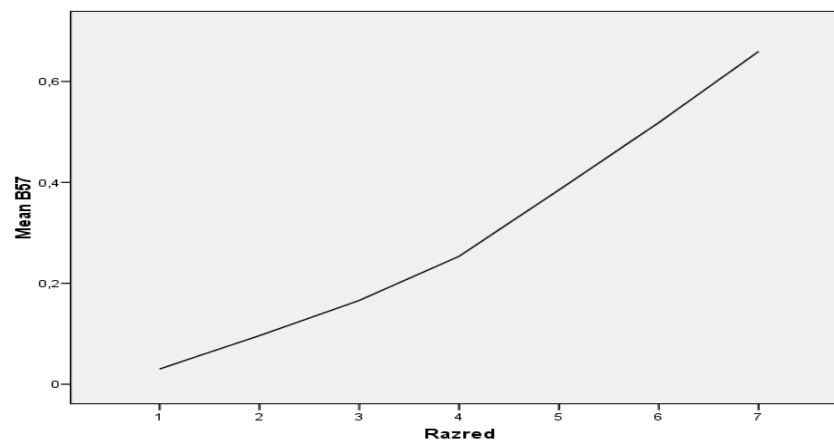
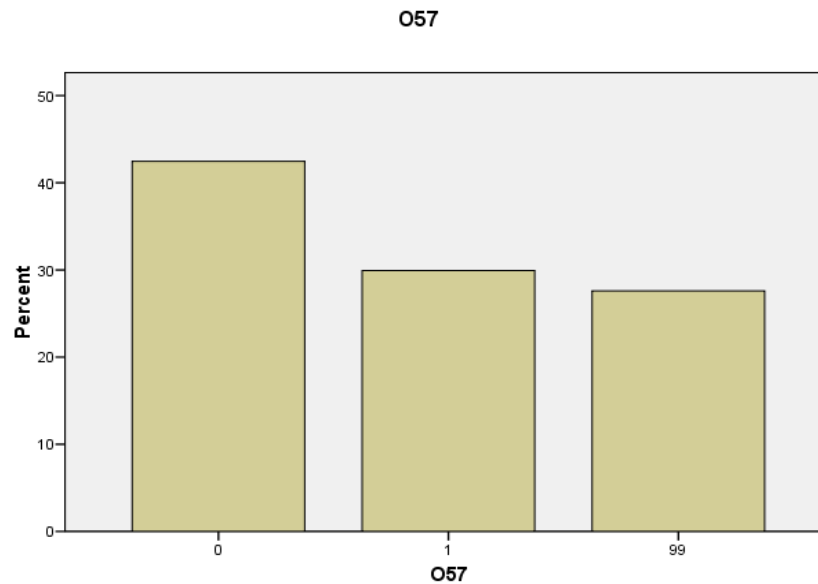
## 56. Objasnite pojam nacionalne manjine.

<b>M</b>	<b>0,58</b>
<b>M (O)</b>	<b>0,60</b>
<b>ID</b>	<b>0,36</b>



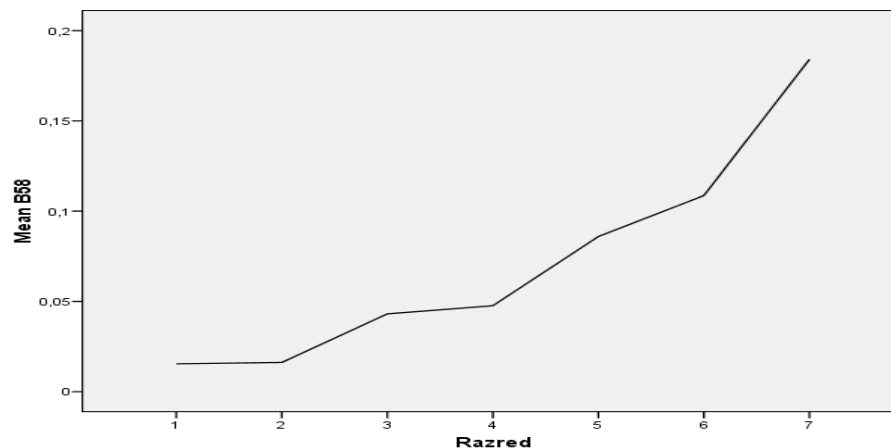
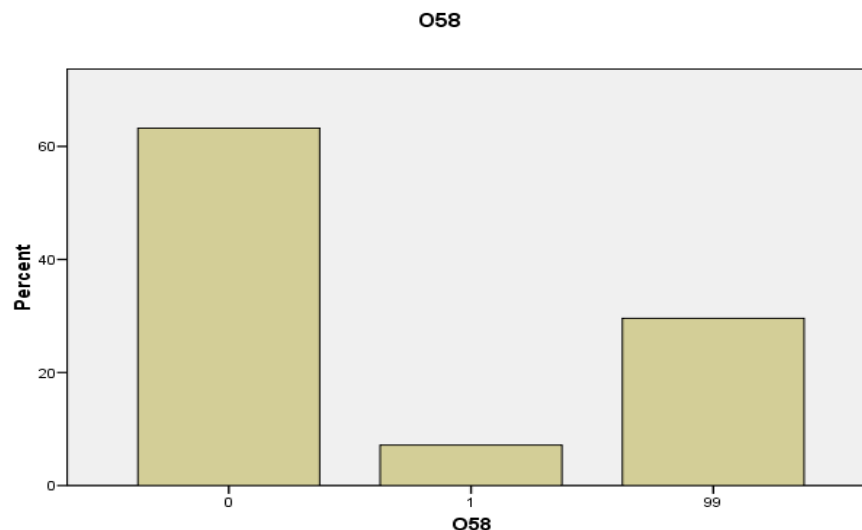
## 57. Objasnite značenje sintagme nacionalni suverenitet.

<b>M</b>	<b>0,30</b>
<b>M (O)</b>	<b>0,80</b>
<b>ID</b>	<b>0,42</b>



**58.** U koju skupinu ljudskih prava, prema Ustavu Republike Hrvatske, spadaju autonomija sveučilišta i pravo na zdrav okoliš?

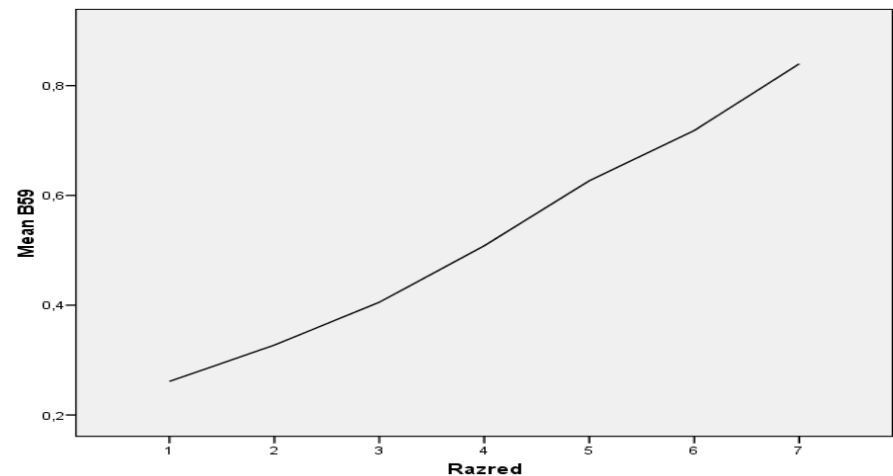
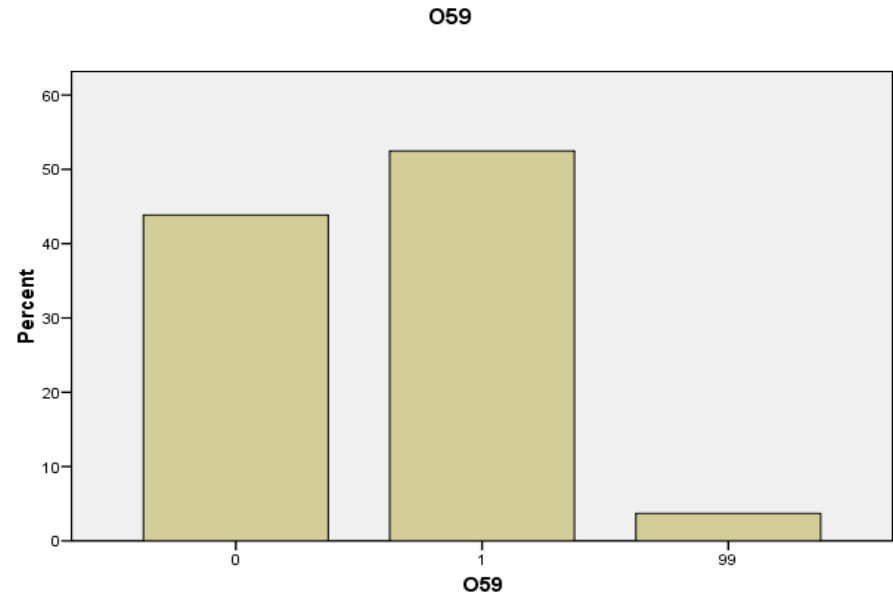
<b>M</b>	<b>0,07</b>
<b>M (O)</b>	<b>0,90</b>
<b>ID</b>	<b>0,19</b>





## 59. U kojem se stoljeću u Hrvatskoj pojavljuje višestranačje?

M	0,52
M (O)	1
ID	0,35



## 60. Navedite tri generacije ljudskih prava.

M	0,28
M (O)	0,90
ID	0,43

